Caledonian Mercury.

No. 12,147. EDINBURGH, PRINTED BY ROBERT ALLAN, MONDAY, JULY 29. 1799. PRICE SIXPENCE.

This day is published,
By BELL & BRADFUTE,
in 8vo, price 3s. sewed,

THREE ESSAYS ON TAXATION OF INCOME; With Remarks on the late Act of Parliament on that subject —on the National Debt; the Public Funds—on the probable Consequences of the Law for the Sale of the Land Tax—and on the Present State of Agriculture in Great Britain. With a Scheme for the improvement of every branch of it, and Remarks on the difference between National Product and Consumption.

To be SOLD by public auction, at WALKER, THOMSON and CO.'s, Leith, on Friday next, the 2d August, at twelve o'clock.

ABOUT SIX HUNDRED AND FIFTY BUENOS AYRES HIDES, in excellent condition, just imported.
Leith, July 26. 1799.

POT ASHES AND HEMP FOR SALE.

There will be exposed to public roup, on Thursday next the 1st of August, at noon, within the Warehouses of Mr Ellis Martin in Leith, on account of the Underwriters,

A Few Casks of POT ASHES;—also, from four to five Tons HEMP; being part of the cargo of the Betsey, [illegible]. The Ashes and Hemp to be seen any day previous to the sale.

For further particulars apply to Mr Martin, or Menzies & Anderson, Edinburgh. *Leith, 26th July, 1799.*

EDINBURGH RACES.

To be run for, over the SANDS of LEITH, on MONDAY the 5th August 1799.

THE CITY of EDINBURGH's PURSE of FIFTY GUINEAS Sterling, by any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, that never won a Purse or Plate of that value, (Hunter's Purses or Plates excepted) carrying 11 stone, the best of three four-mile heats.

On TUESDAY the 6th,

His MAJESTY's PURSE of ONE HUNDRED GUINEAS, for any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, the best of three four-mile heats.

4 years old to carry	7st 4lb	6 years old to carry	9st 5lb
5 ditto ditto	8 9	Aged Horses	10 stone.

On WEDNESDAY the 7th,

The NOBLEMEN and GENTLEMENS SUBSCRIPTION of FIFTY GUINEAS, for all ages, the best of three four-mile heats.

4 years old to carry	7st 3lb	6 years old to carry	8st 9lb
5 ditto ditto	8 2	Aged Horses	8 12

On THURSDAY the 8th,

FIFTY GUINEAS for REAL HUNTERS, that have hunted in Scotland, and never won Fifty Pounds (Hunter's Plates and Matches excepted) carrying 12 stone, the best of three four-mile heats. Such Horses, &c. as shall enter for this Purse, must be certified, at the time of entrance, to have been real hunters of last season, and to have been regularly hunted with an established pack of hounds, under the hand or hands of the proprietor of such hounds.

On FRIDAY the 9th,

The LADIES PURSE of FIFTY GUINEAS, for all the best of three four-mile heats.

4 years old to cary	7st 4lb	6 years old to carry	8st 12lb
5 ditto ditto	8 5	Aged Horses,	9 1

The winner of one Plate or Purse this week to carry 4lb extra.

On SATURDAY the 10th,

A PURSE for the BEATEN HORSES, &c. of the week, the best of three four-mile heats.

The Horses to be booked by the Town-clerk of Leith, at his Office, on Saturday preceding the Races, betwixt the hours of four and six afternoon, when the horses are to be shewn, the proper certificates produced, and the usual entry-money paid.

There will be Ordinaries during the Race Week at Fortune's, and Assemblies, as usual; and no Scaffolds to be erected without the permission of the Magistrates of Leith, or their Clerk.

STEWARDS { The Right Hon. the EARL of CASSILLIS, LORD ROLLO,—and COLONEL CAMPBELL of Blythswood.

STAR INN, AYR.

WILLIAM DUNN returns his most grateful thanks to his numerous Friends in particular, and to the Public in general, for the many favours he has experienced from them during the space of fifteen years he has been in business in Ayr, formerly in the King's Arms Inn, and for these three years past in the STAR.

W. DUNN observes, that a private combination has lately been entered into by certain Innkeepers on the road from Glasgow to Portpatrick, who have heightened the rate of POSTING, from One Shilling to Fourteen Pence *per* mile, a scheme he also refused to go into, about three years ago; a similar plan is now falling upon to accomplish the same end, which he also has rejected, in order to keep down the rate of Posting to the common fare of One Shilling *per* mile.

W. D. therefore conceives it his duty to acquaint those who are pleased to countenance him with their favour, that he still continues to hire Post Chaises at the former fare of One Shilling *per* mile; and engages to forward travellers either to Glasgow or Portpatrick at that rate, on the shortest notice.

_ Neat Post Chaises, good horses, and careful drivers may at all times be depended on, and every attention shewn at the STAR, as usual. *Ayr, July 20, 1799.*

T E A S.

From 6d. to 1s. per Pound Cheaper than they were.

AT SHEPPARD's TEA SHOP,

South Bridge Street, Edinburgh.

A GREAT Fall in the Price of TEAS having taken place at the last Sale of the India Company, he is happy in announcing the same to his Customers and the Public in general; his object is a quick return of Money, and a very small Profit.

PRESENT PRICES.

Fine Souchong Tea that was	6s.	is now	5s. per lib.
Souchong and Congo ditto,	5s. 6d.	—	4s. 9d.
Fine Congo ditto, - - - -	5s.	—	4s. 6d.
Congo ditto, - - - - - -	4s. 6d.	—	4s.
Congo Leaf, - - - - - -	3s.	to	3s. 6d.
Bohea, - - - - - - - -	2s. 2d.	—	2s. 6d.
Fine Pekoe Tea, - - - -	7s.	—	6s.
Superfine Hyson Green, -	9s.	—	8s.
Ditto, ditto, ditto, - - - -	8s.	—	7s.
Fine Hyson Green, - - - -	7s.	—	6s. 6d.
Hyson Green, - - - - -	6s.	—	5s. 6d.
Superior Cochineal Tea, -	12s.	—	11s.

Superfine Gun Powder Tea, 11s. now 10s. per lib.

Patent Cocoa—Chocolates—Raw and Roasted Coffee, with Fresh Spiceries and Groceries of the best qualities, at Low Prices. SUGARS to Tea Customers at Cost.

N. B. Dealers supplied on the lowest terms possible.

Very Superior Pekoe Souchong, 7s. and 8s. in painted pots.

FOR LISBON,
THE INDUSTRY,
Capt. WHEATLEY,

IS now loading, at Leith, for Lisbon, and will sail in about eight days.

For freight or passage, apply to Mr James Smith, Glass Works.

Leith, July 26. 1799.

FOR NEW YORK,
THE MERCURY OF KIRKCALDY,
Captain JOHN MILLAR,
An armed Ship,

Will sail from Kirkcaldy by the 10th of August. For freight or passage apply to John Fergus & Sons, Kirkcaldy.

FREDERICK SCHULTZE,
STAY, CORSET, AND HABIT MAKER,
IN REGISTER STREET,

REturns his warmest acknowledgments to his Friends and the Public for their many favours; and as some of his kind Customers have been misled, as he has reason to believe, by the recent establishment in the same Business of F. SCHULTZE and VERT, in Prince's Street, he takes the opportunity of informing his Friends, That he Continues to CARRY ON BUSINESS in REGISTER STREET, as above, and no where else.

N. B.—A few very neat Hands are Wanted, as also an Apprentice, who will meet with good encouragement.

Register Street, July 27. 1799.

ROUP OF TOLLS AT LASSWADE.

To be exposed to Roup before an Adjourned General Meeting of the Trustees for the High Roads in the County of Edinburgh, to be held within Dickson's Inn, at Lasswade, upon Saturday the third day of August next, at one o'clock afternoon,

THE FOLLOWING TOLLS in the District of Lasswade, viz.

HERRIOTHOUSE, NEWBOTTLE, and GALLOWSHALL, HOWGATE.

Entry on 15th August.

Caution will be required to the extent of one Sixth of the rent, and every person intending to offer, must bring his cautioner along with him.

Thomas Cranstoun, W. S. No. 23, North Castle Street, will shew the Articles of Roup, and inform as to other particulars.

PRESERVATION OF GAME.

NOTICE is hereby given, that any person or persons who may be found shooting on the grounds of Lee or Carnwath in the county of Lanark, or Dryden in the county of Edinburgh, without written permission from the proprietor, will be prosecuted according to law. And the prevelant custom of breaking dogs on these grounds is likewise hereby prohibited.

PRESERVATION OF GAME.

MR MAULE of PANMURE, though exceedingly reluctant to prevent any of his Friends, or any Gentleman, from sporting on his Estates in the County of FORFAR, begs they will refrain from it for the ensuing season, as the GAME has suffered so much from the severity of last winter and spring that he finds it necessary to give it a Jubilee for the present.—Mr MAULE is persuaded no Gentleman will shoot or hunt upon these grounds after this intimation; and poachers may depend upon being prosecuted with the utmost severity, particular orders being given to the game-keepers and ground-officer for discovering and bringing to punishment all offenders.

N. B.—A handsome Reward will be given to any person giving information, so as to convict any poacher, by applying to John Spence, Esq. at Brechin.

GAME.

THE MARQUIS of TWEEDDALE hereby intimates, That he is determined this season to preserve his GAME on his Estates in East Lothian, Berwickshire, and Roxburghshire, and that all persons sporting thereon without his special authority will be prosecuted without distinction. The game-keepers and shepherds upon the different farms have all the strictest orders to stop every transgressor, and to inform instantly; and as during the course of last winter a number of people, without taking out a game license or paying duty for their dogs, were in the constant practice of coursing on the grounds, and destroying the Game, this notice is given, that if they persist in such practice they will be informed against, and prosecuted in the most rigorous manner.

His Lordship will not grant liberty to any person to shoot partridges prior to the 14th September, and he is resolved to prevent the hunting of hares after the 19th February 1800.

TO CREDITORS.

A General Division of the Funds recovered under the Trust Right executed by the deceased JAMES CRAIG, merchant in Leith, being made out, his Creditors, either personally or by some person properly authorised by them, are desired to meet within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse here, on Friday the 30th of August next, at twelve o'clock noon, in order to receive their dividends, and discharge the trustee.

TO CREDITORS.

THE Creditors of ANDREW HANDYSIDE, Grocer and Spirit Dealer, Edinburgh, are requested to meet on Wednesday next the 31st inst. in John's Coffeehouse there, at one o'clock afternoon, to take into consideration the state of his affairs. *25th July, 1799.*

HOUSES IN EDINBURGH.

To be SOLD by private bargain,

THAT LODGING or DWELLING-HOUSE, facing the High Street, being the First Storey above the Shops, of the Tenement at the head of the Old Provost or Flesh Market Close, consisting of five Rooms, Kitchen, and Closets, and a good Cellar at the foot of the stair, all as possessed by Mr Innes,

ALSO,

That other LODGING or DWELLING-HOUSE, being the Fifth Storey of the same Tenement, consisting also of five Rooms, Kitchen, and Closets, as possessed by Capt. Burnet.

These Lodgings are in the best repair, being all painted last summer.

For farther particulars application may be made to R. Dick, writer in Edinburgh.

HOUSE IN ST ANDREW's STREET FOR SALE.

On Thursday the 5th of September next, between the hours of one and two afternoon, will be exposed to roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh,

THAT DWELLING HOUSE, on the west side of South St Andrew's Street, Edinburgh, entering from the Meuse Lane, consisting of the third storey from the level of the street, and garret storey over the same, with the cellars and pertinents; all as presently possessed by Mr Dubisson, dentist.

The articles of sale may be seen in the hands of Mr Duncan, writer to the signet.

FORFAR—JULY 3, 1799.

On Saturday the 10th of August,

THE FIELD called the ORCHARD-BANK, the property of John Low, tenant in Leckaway, consisting of about 27 acres, and divided into three inclosures, is to be sold, in one or more lots, as purchasers may incline, by public roup, within the Sheriff Court-house of Forfar, by three o'clock afternoon.

This field is situated a little to the north of the high public road leading from Edinburgh to Aberdeen, and is not above a quarter of a mile distant from the burgh of Forfar. Immediately to the north is the lake of Forfar; on the south and west side are rivulets of water, and moss for fuel. In point of local situation no land in the neighbourhood of Forfar is superior; it commands a pleasant prospect of the rich and beautiful valley of Strathmore. It is calculated either for a pleasant residence for any gentleman if he were to build upon it, or for feuing to manufacturers for the purpose of erecting houses, to whom, on account of the moss, water, stone, and slate quarries in its vicinity, it would be far more convenient than any part of the town of Forfar.

SALE OF LANDS IN ZETLAND.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Town-house of Lerwick, on Wednesday the 14th day of August 1799, at twelve o'clock noon,

THE Twenty Merk Udal Lands of HASCASSEY, comprising the whole of the island of that name, (excepting four merk lands) with the pertinents, lying in the parish of Mydell, lordship of Zetland, and stewartry of Orkney and Zetland.

Hascassey, which is about two miles in length, and of various breadths, is one of the Zetland Islands, and is remarkably well situated for fishings, there being a safe anchorage for ships of any burden in the Sound of Hascassey, and a commodious beach on the island, well adapted to the drying and curing of fish. The shore likewise produces a considerable quantity of sea-ware, which yields about eight tons of kelp every third year.

For further particulars, apply to James Thomson, writer to the signet, North Castle Street Edinburgh; or Henry Ross, writer in Lerwick.

A PARTNER WANTED.

A PERSON of middle age, who can immediately advance 1000l. wishes to take a share in Spinning, Weaving, or Mercantile business, in either town or country.

The Advertiser would render himself useful, by close attention, or in an active part of the business, within or without doors.

Letters (post paid,) addressed to A. Z. at John Macfarquhar's, Esq. writer to the signet, New Town, Edinburgh, will be duly attended to.

INN AND FARM TO LET,
COUNTY OF LINLITHGOW.

To be LET for such number of years as can be agreed upon, and entered to at Martinmas next,

THE Well-Frequented INN of LIVINGSTONE, being the first stage from Edinburgh, upon the South Glasgow road. Together with any quantity of ground not exceeding 100 acres, all inclosed and in high condition.

ALSO,

The Farm of BARRACK near Livingstone, consisting of about 170 acres, all inclosed and subdivided, with the Lime Quarry presently working thereon. Upon this farm there is a remarkable neat and commodious Steading of Houses.

For particulars apply to the Proprietor at Livingstone House—James Gray, writer in Edinburgh; or Mr John M'Kellar, Mid Calder; who will give orders to shew the grounds.

PORT SETON HOUSE IN EAST LOTHIAN TO LET.

To be LET, unfurnished, for four or more years as can be agreed upon, and entered to immediately,

THE said HOUSE of PORT-SETON, consisting of a large kitchen, with a water-pipe and scullery, housekeeper's room and lobby off the same, dining-room and drawing-room, with closets off both, four bed-rooms, and closets off the same, one of which is a bed-closet, garrets fitted up with beds for servants, a large cellar fitted up with catacombs, milk-house, hen-house, washing-house, coach-house, and stable with hay-loft and byre—Also about 3 roods of ground round the house, well inclosed with stone and lime dyke. The tenant to pay all the taxes.

The house lies about nine miles from Edinburgh, about seven from Haddington, one from Tranent, and one from Prestonpans; from which last town a stage coach goes to Edinburgh, and returns every lawful day, and there are good markets in the immediate neighbourhood of the place.

The tenant may be accommodated with one or two grass parks contiguous to the house.

Also to be LET for four or more years,

The HARBOUR-DUES of Port-Seton.

For further particulars apply to James Mitchel, factor to the Earl of Wemyss, at Haddington.

EMBANKMENT.

To be SOLD or ASSIGNED,

A LEASEHOLD RIGHT to the SANDS of BALDOON, GRANGE, &c. in the Bay of Wigton, (in North Britain) and of the LAND which may there be recovered from the sea by Embanking.

These Sands are of great extent, being about 4000 Scots acres, or 5000 English, and of so fertile a quality as to be used for manure to the adjacent lands; when converted into arable or meadow land, they cannot be valued at a lower rent than 3l. per acre. The extent that may be recovered will depend on the expence to be laid out: a very moderate expence may certainly gain some hundreds of acres; but a person with a sufficient capital to lay out a large sum, will have much superior advantages, and be able to acquire a property of immense value.

The nature of the right to be conveyed will be highly advantageous to the lessee, as he will not only have the advantage [illegible] during the currency of the lease, but at the expiry of it the proprietor will be bound to pay him twenty-five years purchase on the value of all the land that may have been gained.

For further particulars application may be made to William Mure, factor for the Earl of Selkirk at Kirkcudbright, or to Robert Hill, W. S. Edinburgh.

FARMS TO LET,
IN THE COUNTIES OF FORFAR AND FIFE,

For such a number of years as can be agreed upon, and entred to at Martinmas next,

I.—MAINS of MELGUND, containing about 323 acres, all inclosed and divided.
II.—MILL and MILL-LANDS, containing about 72 acres
III.—BALNACAKE, containing 181 acres or thereby.
IV.—BLIBERHILL, containing 136 acres or thereby.
V.—BLIBER, containing 33 acres or thereby—all Scots measure.

The above farms lie in the county of Angus, and parish of Aberlemno. The lands are of good soil, in good heart, and possessed by wealthy and industrious tenants; they are conveniently situated for markets, being in the neighbourhood of Brechin, and Forfar the county-town, and near plenty of marle.

VI.—The MILL and MILL-LANDS of PITHAIRN and SILVERTOWN, containing 62 acres or thereby.
VII.—MOORSIDE, BRIDGEHILLS, and EASTER CRAIG-MEAD, containing 92 acres or thereby.
VIII.—The PENDICLES of NORTH SPITTLE and LONCHERHEAD. These lands lie in the county of Fife, and parish of Auchterderran.
IX.—PART of KINNINMOND, in the parish of Kinglassie, containing about 70 or 75 acres.

The mill is well supplied with water, and the situation would answer well for a bleachfield; the tenant might have Moorside and Bridge-hills added to the Mill-lands, as they bound with them.

The lands are in the immediate neighbourhood of coal and lime, and capable of great improvement, at a moderate distance from Kirkaldy, Kinghorn, and other towns on the sea coast, where a ready market is found for the produce.

The farms in the county of Forfar will be shown by William Webster, baron-officer; and the farms in Fife by Thomas Barclay in Lochgelly. Offers in writing to be given in on or before the of 23d August, to Mr Alexander Scott at Lochgelly, factor to the Right Hon. Lord Minto; and offers not accepted shall be kept secret.

AN ESTATE IN ABERDEENSHIRE.

To be SOLD by public roup, (if not previously disposed of by private bargain) upon Friday the 20th of September next, within Adam's Hotel, Aberdeen, between the hours of five and six o'clock afternoon,

THE LANDS and BARONY of MUIRESK, with a Farm at Greens, lying in the parishes of Turriff and Monquhitter, and county of Aberdeen.

This property consists of about 1400 acres, eligibly situated on the south bank of the river Deveron, adjoining to the post town of Turriff, and ten miles from Banff—a country as convenient for living and sporting as any in Scotland. The present rent is above L.500. There is a tolerable House and Offices, which, at a small expence, would accommodate any family; a very good garden and some thriving plantations. The lands hold of the Crown, and afford a freehold qualification.—The proprietor has a right to the teinds.

The terms of payment will be made convenient to a purchaser.

For further particulars apply to Thomas Smith, or Robert Dalrymple, writers in Edinburgh; Mr Charles Bannerman, advocate in Aberdeen, or the proprietor at Muiresk, who will conclude a private bargain before the day of sale.

LANDS OF SATURHILL, &c.

To be SOLD by private bargain,

THESE Parts and Portions of the LANDS of STRATH called SATURHILL and KELMANRIDGE, lying in the parish of Torphichen, and county of Linlithgow. Yearly rent 9l. 9s.—Henry Dinmuir, the tenant, will show the Lands.

The progress of writs is in the hands of R. Dick, writer in Edinburgh, who has power to sell, and to whom application may be made for further particulars.

SALE OF SUBJECTS AT DUNBAR.

To be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the house of James Lorimer, vintner in Dunbar, on Thursday the [illegible] day of August 1799, at four o'clock afternoon,

THE under-mentioned HERITABLE SUBJECTS, in the following Lots, viz.

I.—That Large DWELLING-HOUSE on the Shore of Dunbar, lately occupied by Mrs Fall, consisting of a dining-room, measuring about 22 feet in length, 18 feet in breadth, and 14 feet high in the ceiling; a drawing-room, about 28 feet in length, and same breadth and height as the dining-room; five bed-rooms; three closets, a large kitchen, larder, butler's parlour, cellars, and other conveniencies, with a water-pipe within the house; together with a Dwelling-house on the west end thereof, consisting of a dining-room, two bed-rooms, and kitchen, and a large granary and cellars below the same, on the north side of the said dwelling-house first mentioned, with the Close before the same.

II.—That Large DWELLING-HOUSE of Three Storeys, lying at the Shore of Dunbar, and presently occupied as an Inn by William Wilson, with the brewhouse and cellars at the west end thereof.

III.—That Large HOUSE adjoining the above, on the north end thereof, formerly occupied as a counting-house, now as a dwelling-house, with two floors or granaries above the same.

IV.—That Large CLOSE, lying at the Lammerhaven of Dunbar, called THOMAS's CLOSE, with seven red-herring houses, and a large granary thereon, and which herring houses will hang above 1000 barrels herrings annually, and the herrings may be carried from the boats into the close, the same being bounded by the sea on the north side.

V.—That MAILING called ROCHEID's BARN, lying near the Shore of Dunbar, consisting of Four Storeys, with two kilns for making pale and porter malt, and well supplied with water by a pipe from the town's reservoir; being, upon the whole, the largest and most commodious malting in the town of Dunbar, where a plentiful supply of excellent barley is always to be procured.

VI.—That Large GARDEN, lying in the Suburbs of Dunbar, and presently possessed by Mr Henry Otto.

The whole of the above subjects are well known, and situated in the best part of the town for carrying on an extensive business in the mercantile line, and particularly well adapted for corn merchants, maltsters, and herring curers; and the dwelling-house in the first lot is an elegant and substantial building, and was lately painted and fitted up, so as to render it an eligible residence for a genteel family.

The title-deeds, which are clear, and articles of roup, are in the hands of Mr Alexander Lawrie, writer in Dunbar, who will cause the subjects be shown to intending purchasers, and also give such further information as may be wanted.

JUDICIAL SALE OF
ESTATES IN ARGYLESHIRE.

THE LANDS of KILLEAN, and the following PARTS of the Estate of BROLOSS, in the Island of Mull, and the Estates of DRIMNIN and KINLOCHALINE, in the District of Morvern, will be exposed to SALE by public roup, under the authority of the Court of Session, within the Parliament-house of Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 27th day of November 1799, between the hours of five and six afternoon.

The above Estates will be put up to sale in the Lots, and at the Upset Prices following, viz.

	Upset Prices Sterling.
LOT I. The Lands of Ardchrishnish and Kilpatrick, Ormsaig, and Beoch,	L. 3209 5 8 8-12
II. Formerly lot 3d, the lands of Kilfinichan, Kilimore, Ardvarignish, Drairoch, and Ulvalt, with a yearly Feu-duty of L. 1 : 13 : 4d Sterling, payable by Mr M'Lean of Pennycross,	5043 14 0
III. Formerly lot 4th, the Lands of [illegible], Tongue, Ballinahain, Killumers, Miln and Miln Croft, and Lands of Ballimeanoch,	5855 15 0 8-12
N. B. The above three lots, with a 4th lot already sold, comprise the whole Estate of BROLOSS, lying in the parish of Kilfinichan, and Island of Mull.	
IV. The Lands of KILLEAN, lying in the parish of Torosay, and Island of Mull,	1618 11 10 8-12
V. The Lands of DRIMNIN, Achlianan, Drumbuy, and Island of Ormsaig, composing the Estate of DRIMNIN, lying in the parish of Morvern,	7305 18 4 8-12
VI. The Lands of Clonlaid, Strone, Muchrish, Ulladil, Dorrilean, Achforse, and Kinlochaline, with the Public House, Croft, and Salmon Fishings,	6576 2 2 8-12
VII. The Lands of Auchranich, Dugerry, Ullin, and Claggan,	6021 10 1 8-12

N. B. The last two lots comprise the Estate of KINLOCHALINE, lying in the parish of Morven.

It is material to observe, that in fixing the above upset prices no separate value is put on the kelp shores of the Morven lands contained in lots 5th, 6th, and 7th, though these shores afford a considerable annual profit, and are not let to the tenants with the lands, neither is any separate value put on the woods in lots 6th and 7th, though these woods are proven to be worth 1420l. Sterling. There is an excellent Mansion-house, with suitable office-houses, and a spacious garden on the lands of Kilfinichan, which are not separately valued, and the Mansion-house of Drimnin, in lot 5th, is in the same situation.—There are promising appearances of coal, as well as of lead mines on the estate of Kinlochaline, which further contains inexhaustible quarries of lime stone and free stone. The advantages arising from the whole lands, from their lying chiefly on the sea coast, and from their being amply supplied with fish and game, will naturally occur to purchasers.

The whole lands hold feu of the Duke of Argyle, excepting the Lands of Killean and Ullin, which hold blench of Mr Campbell of Comby. The teinds of the Morven lands are valued and exhausted. There are unexhausted teinds on the remaining Lands in Mull, (including the lot already sold) amounting altogether to 5l. 7s. 1d. 5-12ths Sterling, on which, as being Bishops teinds, no value is put. Since the judicial rental was taken, very considerable rises of rent have been got on some of the farms, even for one year's lease. The lease of the lands of Auchranich and others, composing Lot 7. is now set aside, and a very considerable rise of rent may be expected on a new lease.

Printed abstracts, containing full information of the rental, value, and other particulars, may be got from Kenneth M'Kenzie, writer to the signet, agent in the sale, who will show inventories of the title-deeds, which, with the articles of roup, may also be seen in the office of Mr Bruce, depute-clerk of Session. Persons wishing to view the lands, may apply to Mr Ewan Maclachlan, at Landle, by Strontian, the factor on the estate.

ESTATE OF CRAILING—ROXBURGHSHIRE.

THIS well-known, valuable, and compact ESTATE will be exposed to SALE by public roup (unless previously disposed of by private bargain), in John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Monday the 25th day of November, at six o'clock afternoon; if not then sold, it will afterwards be put up in lots. The present rent is 2127l. 3s. One of the principal farms is now out of lease, and two more will be so in 1800, on which a considerable rise of rent may undoubtedly be expected. The Estate consists of 2196 acres, and there is a very considerable quantity of valuable and thriving wood of various kinds, some of which, particularly near the house, is very old and large.—The lands hold of the Crown, and are of sufficient valuation to afford twelve freehold qualifications; and being situated within three miles of Jedburgh and six of Kelso, possess great convenience for markets, &c. The great post-roads from Kelso to Jedburgh and Hawick run through the middle of the lands. A considerable part of the purchase money may remain in the hands of the purchaser.

For further particulars application may be made at the proprietor at Crailing House, by Jedburgh, or to Robert Trotter, Esq. writer to the Signet, Edinburgh, in whose hands the title-deeds, rental, plan, and measurements may be seen. The gardener at Crailing House will show the lands and boundaries.

LONDON GAZETTE—July 23.

WAR-OFFICE—July 23. 1799.

1st Regiment of Dragoon Guards—Cornet Michael Turner to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Verelst, who retires.

2d Ditto—Lieutenant-Colonel John Gaspard Le Marchant, from the 7th light dragoons, to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Hay, appointed to the cavalry depot at Maidstone.

7th Regiment of Light Dragoons—Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Michael Barne to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Le Marchant, appointed to the 2d dragoon guards. Captain William Calcraft to be Major, vice Barne.

11th Ditto—Captain Thomas Hawker, from the 60th foot, to be Captain, vice Fursdon, who exchanges. Cornet Benjamin Lutyens to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Hawker, promoted in the 60th foot.

12th Ditto—George Horton to be Cornet, vice Edwards, promoted in the 87th foot.

17th Ditto—Lieutenant William Garstin to be Captain, by purchase, vice Jones, who retires.

1st Regiment of Foot Guards—Kingsmill Evans to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Ducarel, who retires.

7th Regiment of Foot—Lieutenant Patrick Hayes, from the late 6th regiment of the Irish brigade, to be Lieutenant, vice M'Kinnon, who exchanges.

9th Ditto—Captain the Honourable William John Gore to be Major, without purchase, vice Wilder, promoted in Colonel Hay's regiment of fencibles.

12th Ditto—Lieutenant Jonas Crauford to be Captain, by purchase, vice Moore, who retires.

18th Ditto—Lieutenant Wintringham Loscombe to be Captain, by purchase, vice Mawbey, promoted. Honourable Ensign Cadogan to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Loscombe.

19th Ditto—Captain John William Evans, from the 52d foot, to be Captain, vice Steill, who exchanges.

To be Ensigns—John Gray; Ensign Simon Freill, from the 33d foot, vice Gray, who exchanges; Jasper Nixon, without purchase, vice Freill, who resigns; Alexander Robson, by purchase, vice Vilant, promoted.

22d Ditto—Ensign Charles Davers Allen, from the 2d foot, to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Smythies, who retires. A. D. Vickson to be Ensign, by purchase.

28th Ditto—Ensign ——— Carey, from the 58th foot, to be Ensign, vice Friend, promoted in the Minorca regiment

33d Ditto—Ensign John Gray, from the 19th foot, to be Ensign, vice Freill, who exchanges. William Arthur Irvine to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Macdougall, promoted.

36th Ditto—Simpson Carey to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Davidson, who retires.

52d Ditto—Captain Alexander Steill, from the 19th foot, to be Captain, vice Evans, who exchanges.

58th Ditto—Ensign William Toole, from the Minorca regiment to be Ensign, vice Carey, appointed to the 28th foot. John Hanbury to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Heaviside, who retires.

60th Ditto—Captain George S. Fursdon, from the 11th light dragoons, to be Captain, vice Hawker, who exchanges. ——— Barclay to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Polhill, promoted.

66th Ditto—Lieutenant John Dehouse, from the half-pay of the late 4th regiment of the Irish brigade, to be Lieutenant, vice Bowyer, who exchanges.

69th Ditto—Ensign William Burridge, from the 48th foot, to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Prager, who retires. John Thomas Leahy to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Hewetson, promoted

74th Ditto—W. M. Charlton, to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Engel, promoted in the 75th foot.

75th Ditto—Ensign John Hall to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Blashfield, who retires.

76th Ditto—John Monro Sinclair, to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Frith, promoted.

77th Ditto—Charles George Gray, to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Anderson, promoted. Serjeant-Major Henry Fletcher to be Adjutant, vice Campbell, who resigns.

78th Ditto—Captain Alexander Adams to be Major, by purchase, vice Monypenny, promoted in the 73d foot. Lieutenant Tobias George Smollett to be Captain, by purchase, vice Adams. Ensign Angus Macleod to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Smollett. Ensign Donald Mackenzie to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Hanson, removed to the invalids. George Thomas D'Aguliar, to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Macleod, promoted. Suetonius Henry Todd, to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Mackenzie.

81st Ditto—Lieutenant Edward Masterton, from the 86th foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Delatre, who exchanges.

86th Ditto—Lieutenant Philip Delatre, from the 81st foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Masterton, who exchanges.

87th Ditto—Cornet John V. Edwards, from the 12th light dragoons, to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Isles, who retires.

Ensign Thomas Burke, from the half-pay of the late 5th regiment of Irish Brigade, to be Ensign, vice Cooper, who exchanges.

89th Regiment of Foot—Captain William Raymond, from the 60th foot, to be Major, vice Boyle, promoted to the ancient Irish regiment of fencibles.

Queen's Rangers—Ensign John M'Gill to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Brooking, promoted in the 17th foot. Henry Hardinge, to be Ensign, without purchase, vice M'Gill.

Royal Garrison Battalion—Lieutenant ——— Munro, late of the Ross-shire fencibles, to be Ensign, vice Mitchell, whose appointment does not take place.

3d West India Regiment—Ensign James Thornton to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Hay, who retires. John David Duval, to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Thornton.

5th ditto—Lieutenant Alexander Berkeley, from the 66th foot, to be Captain, without purchase, vice Crump, promoted in Lieutenant-Colonels Ogle's levy. Ensign Jaspar Creagh, from the half-pay of the late 2d regiment of the Irish Brigade, to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Parys, who resigns.

10th ditto—Lieutenant ——— De St Lorent to be Captain.

Lieutenant-Colonel Ogle's Levy—Captain George Crump, from the 5th West India regiment, to be Major.

—GARRISON.—

Honourable Lieutenant-General Sir Charles Stuart, K. B. to be governor of the island of Minorca.

Honourable Lieutenant-General Henry Edward Fox to be Lieutenant Governor of the Island of Minorca.

His Majesty has been pleased to appoint the undermentioned Officers of the East India Company's forces, to take rank by brevet, in his Majesty's army in the East Indies only, as follows:

To be Colonels—Lieutenant-Colonel John Pater. Dated January 1, 1798. Lieutenant-Colonel A. A. Langley. Dated as above.

To be Lieutenant-Colonel—Lieutenant-Colonel Robert Croker. Dated January 1, 1798.

London

JULY 25.

Wednesday Mr Jackson, the Master of the Ville de Paris, arrived at the Admiralty Office with dispatches from Earl St Vincent, dated from Gibraltar, where his Lordship was in a bad state of health. On the 22d ult. Earl St Vincent sent a frigate to Lord Keith, then off Genoa, with advices that the French and Spanish fleets had left Carthagena, and had sailed westward. On the 2d inst. the combined fleets appeared of Gibraltar, and were endeavouring to work out of the Gut. They remained there until the 9th inst. when the dispatches came away. Lord Keith was expected every day; and it is thought, from the state of the winds, that the fleet could not have got out of the Mediterranean for several days after the officer was sent off with the account.

Capt. Burlton, of the Haerlem, also arrived yesterday evening at the Admiralty, from Gibraltar. Our Portsmouth letter states him to have brought intelligence of Lord Keith having attacked with 34 ships, the rear of the enemy, whose force in this letter is made to consist of 58 ships, and that an action took place, which commenced at seven in the morning of the 8th inst. and continued with great fury at two o'clock in the afternoon, when the Haerlem could only see 28 of the enemy, several of which had lost their top masts.

We await with great anxiety, but no apprehension, intelligence of the result, which our readers will anticipate with as much confidence as we do.

The combined fleets, according to the account brought by Mr Jackson, consisted of 42, Lord Keith's force of 33, sail of the line.

This morning a mail arrived from Lisbon, brought to Falmouth in eight days by the Walsingham packet. By it we received the following extract of a latter from Lisbon, dated

JULY 14, TWELVE O'CLOCK.

"A naval officer came in this morning at five o'clock express overland from Gibraltar, and by the General in Chief's orders, the Walsingham packet was dispatched immediately. The news this gentleman brings, is, that on the 6th the French and Spanish fleets were seen to the eastward of the rock, and the next morning, while on his road, he counted 42 sail of the line, and 12 frigates. Dispatches from Lord St Vincent and General O'Hara, dated the 7th, confirm this intelligence.

"The plan of the enemy is said to be, to take up some ships at Cadiz, others at Ferrol, and more at Rochefort, after which they go to Ireland.

"The Brazil fleet, 57 sail, arrived here safely last week, and a second fleet from Rio de Janeiro, about 100 sail, is now off the Bar; we have therefore no apprehensions upon their account."

Lord St Vincent is still at Gibraltar.

His Majesty's ship Mermaid, Capt. Oliver, arrived in the Tagus from Minorca on the 9th inst.

On the 13th, his Majesty's ships Druid and Dover, troop ships, arrived in the Tagus from Gibraltar.

On the 19th inst. the Walsingham packet passed a French privateer with a large brig in tow, in lat. 44. 44. long. 10. 18.

The Walsingham sailed from Lisbon on the 14th inst and arrived at Falmouth on the 21st.

The combined fleets have troops on board.

Passengers by the Walsingham are, Mr and Mrs Girkin, Mr Kastin, Mr Jackson, Mr M'Donald, Mr Tudor, Mr Colvil, and Mr Poor.

Yesterday a Court of Directors was held at the East India House.

Mr Gilbert Ferguson was appointed surveyor of shipping, in the room of the late Mr Snodgrass; as was Mr William Gillet first assistant.

Colonel Hartley, who commands the Bombay army in the absence of General Stuart, who was ill, had, by the last accounts, passed the Ghauts, which lead into Tippoo's dominions.

On Saturday night a boat was seized at Gravesend, with 25 bales of goods smuggled from on board some of the homeward-bound ships. Each bale was estimated to contain articles to at least 1000l. value.

Letters from Constantinople, dated 22d June 1799, state, that the first division of the Turkish fleet, which sailed from thence early in March, consisting of three ships of the line, three frigates, and some inferior vessels, reached Acre the 19th of May, just before the retreat of the enemy towards Jaffa. After that retreat, Sir Sidney Smith immediately proceeded with his squadron, and part of the Turkish ships laden with troops in order to storm Jaffa. The enemy fled from Acre with 7000 men.

Three French frigates from Alexandria had captured part of the flotilla taken by Sir Sidney before Acre.—In this action Lieutenant Bushby was taken, and Captain Miller, of the Theseus, was unfortunately killed, with some part of the crew, from the accidental bursting of some bomb shells.

The agitation of the public mind at Paris, and the opposition of the two parties who seek to turn the Revolution of the 10th of June to their advantage, has increased: the factions are, however, far from acting with an equal degree of violence. The Directorial party has employed no other means than speeches and exhortations; and the Jacobins, by employing also the same means, have availed themselves of the most powerful lever in a Revolution—that of a popular assembly, abandoned to every description of passion and seduction. The speeches of Talot and of Lucien Buonaparte have for a moment retarded the rapid march of the Jacobins. They have sworn to maintain the Constitution of 1795; but the Girondists had sworn to maintain that of 1791, which they afterwards overthrew, and the Constitution of 1793 was in the same manner destroyed by those who had contributed to form it. The last oath of the Jacobins has stood in their way but for a moment, and they have broken out with new violence.

The object of the studied speech of Sieyes in the Champ de Mars, in which he repeatedly calls to the recollection of his hearers, and paints in the most glowing colours, the early days of the revolution, when the Orleans faction prevailed, was easily seen through, and has become the subject of the suspicions and of the invectives of the opposite party. Some English journals consider it as a sufficient reason for doubting the present hopes of the old Orleans faction, that it does not avow its plans; but it is absurd to suppose that it would make this avowal before it had secured the means of carrying those plans into effect. Victory is at present undecided, but it appears to us to incline to the side of the Jacobins.

The debates of the two Councils have, as has been, chiefly turned on the means of raising a loan of 100 millions by increasing the assessment of several taxes; on the accusation legally preferred against the four Directors, and on the measures to be adopted against the dilapidators.

PORTSMOUTH—July 24.

Arrived at Spithead, his Majesty's ships La Suffisante and Haerlem. The latter brings accounts, that coming down the Mediterranean from Naples, in company with the Centaur, they fell in with three frigates and two corvettes, which each fired a single shot, and surrendered. Their names are Alceste, with a Rear-Admiral's flag, of 36 guns and 460 men; Juno, of 44 guns and 500 men; Courageux, of 44 guns and 500 men; two corvettes, of 16 guns each.

Two cutters were in sight, and the fleet within hearing when the above captures were made.

The next day they joined Lord Keith, who discovered the combined fleets, and sent the Penelope cutter to reconnoitre, who was attacked by a French brig, which she beat off, but a Spanish frigate coming down she was captured. Lord Keith attacked the rear of the enemy, consisting of 58 ships, the English only 34. The action commenced at seven in the morning, and at two o'clock continued with great fury. The Haerlem's officers could then see only 28 of the enemy, several of which had lost their top-masts. The action was fought on the 8th instant.

The Duke of Kent arrived here this morning, and was saluted by the garrison; as also by the fleet at Spithead, on his arriving on board the Arethusa frigate.

FALMOUTH—July 22.

Arrived the Walsingham packet, from Lisbon, in eight days. It is reported that the French and Spanish fleets are passed out of the Gut of Gibraltar.

TWELVE O'CLOCK AT NIGHT.

I have seen one of the passengers, who says the French and Spanish fleets had got out of the Gut, 46 sail together.

FRANCE.

SPEECH OF CITIZEN SIEYES

AT THE CELEBRATION OF THE ANNIVERSARY OF THE FOURTEENTH OF JULY.

"CITIZENS,

"Ten years have now elapsed since that immortal epocha in which the representatives of the French people, braving all the efforts of tyranny, took a solemn oath to proclaim the rights and found the liberty of their country. This sublime signal was heard, and on the 14th of July fell for ever that ancient fortress, which was the odious pledge of our slavery, which the hereditary crimes of our kings, and the equally hereditary cowardice of their accomplices, seemed to have established on the most permanent basis.

"It was here, even here on this spot, rendered majestic by the presence of those freemen by whom it is this day filled, that there were then assembled those barbarian hordes of ferocious and sanguinary foreigners who insolently threatened this great city, and with it the new destiny of France. All these instruments of tyranny instantly disappeared on the first ebulition of your indignation and of your courage.

"It is pleasing to recal to our recollection the happy moments which followed this first victory.—That tumult, those noisy songs, those lively agitations, those fraternal effusions which characterise a people who are surprised, but who are delighted at having broken their chains.—Every thing then led Frenchmen with ardour towards the most desirable changes.

"Innumerable abuses were discovered and done away—Privileges were denounced and destroyed, and improvements of every kind, either made or projected. The foundation was then laid of an Hereditary Government, which being totally incompatible with hereditary power, soon destroyed Royalty, and established the Republic.

"In vain did the enemies of reformation interpose obstacle upon obstacle. Vain were efforts of feudal insolence, and the interests and habits of titled slaves. The renovating power was immense, because it was actuated by the public mind.—Every thing that was generous and magnanimous was ranged on the side of liberty. Meanness and ignorance took refuge with the faction of slavery. The work of our regeneration was not completely effected—the Republic was not proclaimed; but it is a violation of truth to say, that our souls were then more republican than they are perhaps at present? I will not state the causes which at first disturbed our harmony, because it is necessary to avoid those considerations which are not calculated to re-establish it among us; but may I not at least observe, that at that period, jealous and perfidious foreigners had not had time to diffuse the poison of their fatal influence among us; but the dreadful effects of their intervention were soon perceived in the calamities which they produced.

"Their numerous emissaries interposed in our domestic discussions, and in our dearest interests. They succeeded in circulating and in accrediting those absurd maxims, that knowledge ought to give way to ignorance, wisdom to folly, and reflection to rashness.—It seemed as if they would have obtained from our blind credulity, the means and almost the right of dictating their opinions to us, and of persuading us that they knew better than Frenchmen how Frenchmen ought to be free. Strange renunciation of our rights! Can we have forgotten those calamitous times, when, doubtless, by the same influence, all those who had served their country, or were in a condition to serve it, were outraged and persecuted; when regular authority was hated, merely because it was authority; when all notions were confounded to that degree, that those who were not officially charged with any duty, obstinately persisted in taking upon themselves the execution of every one; when those who could not obtain the confidence of the people, pretended that they had a right to speak in their name—when every one assumed the right of representing the nation to the exclusion of her real Representatives.

"How many calamities flowed from that source, and how many may still flow from it!

"Frenchmen, profit by the lessons of long experience; they have cost us dear enough.—Surrounded as we are with imminent dangers, we have occasion for great republican energy. Let us recal that energy which animated us on the 14th July; but let us take care not to mix it with any foreign impulse.—In the first, you will find all these sentiments which tend to concentrate our force and to unite us; and in the other, every thing which tends to disunite us. Frenchmen, put an end to these dissentions. Recollect that the enemy are at our gates, and that the first thing to be done is to repel them. Recollect on the first anniversary of the day which we now celebrate, that ravishing enthusiasm which seemed to make but one soul among 100,000 Frenchmen; that sublime spectacle gave a promise of a people of heroes, and that hope was not unfounded. Let all the ardour of your desires, all the heat of your agitations be lost in one single object, one passion, that of conquering; let your answer be, "Such is our will." I can then say the victory is ours, the country is saved, and the Republic established for ever. Long live the Republic!

—FRENCH FINANCE.—

The following plan of taxation has been submitted to the Council of Five Hundred:—

1. The land and moveable taxes are to be taken together, in apportioning the share of the individual who pays these taxes.
2. Persons with a fortune notoriously out of proportion to their contribution to be raised by a jury of nine members named by the Central Administration.
3. Persons accused of emigration, persons provisionally erased from the list, the descendants and the relations in the ascending scale of emigrants, are to be rated triple those of the same fortune.
4. The Ex-nobles subject to the laws of 3d Brumaire, year 4, 19th Fructidor—year 5, 9th Frimaire—year 6, shall pay double.
5. Persons unmarried shall pay one half more than the usual rate.
6. Persons accused of emigration, not Nobles, as inscribed on the list in departments where they were not domiciliated, are excepted from article 3d.
7. Contributors to the land tax, who pay less than 500 livres, shall pay nothing to the loan.

From 500 to 1000—10-4 in addition.
1000 to 1500—10-5 do.
1500 to 2000—5-3 do.
2000 to 2500—5-4 do.
10,000 and upwards—tripled.

8. Persons liable to the tax on moveables, to pay nothing if they contribute less than 50 livres.

From 50 to 100—Double.
100 to 150—Triple.
150 to 200—Quadruple.
200 to 250—Quintuple.
250 to 300—Sextuple.
300 to 350—Seven-fold.
350 to 400—Eight-fold.
800 upwards—Twenty-fold.

9. Persons liable to the sumptuary tax, shall pay for a man servant five livres.

For a pleasure horse—ten livres.
A two-wheeled carriage—fifteen livres.
A four-wheeled ditto—twenty livres.

10. The persons liable to the loan shall subscribe six obligations payable monthly, the first in Fructidor. The Ex-nobles persons accused of emigration, and bachelors, shall pay a month sooner.
11. Those who refuse to subscribe shall be compelled by imprisonment.
12. No passports or certificates of residence to be given till the party has proved that he has paid his quota, or that he is not liable.

GENOA—June 29.

On the 6th (June 24.) an English squadron of about thirty vessels appeared within sight of our port, and sent in a flag of truce, with two letters from Vice-Admiral Lord Keith, one of which was addressed to the French Chargé d'Affaires, and the other to our Government. He requested, that having made himself master of the fleet, commanded by Vice-Admiral Perree, the latter might be permitted, together with his Etat Major, to go on shore and negociate the exchange of 1200 prisoners that he (Lord Keith) had taken. The letter concluded by saying, Port Maurice had fired upon his ships, in consequence of which Genoese vessels should be treated as enemies. On the 7th (June 25.) some vessels sailed from hence to take on board the prisoners from the English squadron. They will be debarked in France.

LONDON—JULY 26.

The Hamburgh mail due on Wednesday has not arrived.

In addition to the large body of infantry now assembling for the expedition, it will be accompanied by 40 squadrons of cavalry, amounting in the whole to 6500 men, of which the 7th, 10th, 11th, and 15th regiments of light dragoons, are to form a part.

We have the pleasure to contradict the report which reached this country by the last mail, of the death of the brave Captain Miller, of the Theseus, off Acre. The naval officers recently arrived from the Mediterranean contradict the report, which they had also heard, but it had proved incorrect.

Government, we understand, are in possession of dispatches which state that the King of Naples had been safely conducted back to his dominions by Lord Nelson, and that he had re-ascended his throne amid the acclamations of his liberated people.

The Arethusa frigate, with the Duke of Kent on board, has sailed from Portsmouth for Halifax.

The remainder of the East India fleet has arrived.

TALLEYRAND PERIGORD has published a defence of his conduct, in which he states this remarkable fact, "I am reproached," says he, "with not having sufficiently encouraged privateering against England; but if it had been encouraged without any bounds, with what vehemence would they not have inveighed against want of precaution, or stupidity of Ministers, who, assured that 545 armed vessels for cruizing had been captured by the enemy, from the beginning of the war to the end of the 6th year—that the number of prisoners now in England amounts to more than 30,000, for whose subsistence the Republic is at the yearly expence of 15 millions, and that it is principally to privateering such a result is to be attributed, might have dared to expose the nation to the repeated hazards of a game, the losses of which are so sensibly felt?"

RELEASE OF PRISONERS AT ALGIERS.

Extract of a letter from an Officer on board his Majesty's ship Argo, dated port Mahon, May 29, 1799.

We are just returned fron Algiers, where we have been to negotiate with the Dey for a supply of fresh provisions for the army and navy at Minorca. Capt. Bowen was so much in favour with the Dey and Regency there, that he procured the freedom of six poor fellows, British subjects, who had been confined in slavery upwards of 14 years.

They are now on board, enjoying the blessings of true liberty, serving their King and Country, and have requested me to get their names inserted in some of the English news-papers, that their friends, if any living, may know they are now happy, and comfortably situated. Before we came away, the Dey as a further mark of his friendship for Captain Bowen, requested him to accept of a rich Turkish sabre, and two fine Arabian horses:—

Names.	Age.	Place where born.
George Hog	42	Pontefract, Yorkshire.
James Robinson	39	Lancaster.
John Reid	32	Kirkliston, Scotland.
John Foley	32	Dublin, Ireland.
James Little	35	Mullingar, ditto.
Raphael Starico	25	Gibraltar.

FALMOUTH—July 23.

The intelligence given you in yesterday's letter, as coming by the packet, was incorrect. The Spanish and French fleets were seen 6 leagues to the eastward of Gibraltar *within*, not on this side the Gut, the wind then strong to the S. W.; they were endeavouring to work out. The Minerva frigate was immediately dispatched with the intelligence to Lord Keith, then off Minorca, who was expected down hourly. Great hopes were entertained that he would arrive before they could work out, the passage being difficult.

LIVERPOOL—July 24.

By signals, the following vessels, part of the Jamaica fleet, are off, viz.

James, Incledue,	Sarah, Rivers,
Adroit, Campbell,	Jamaica, Martin,
Lord Duncan, Aikin,	and two others.

It is hoped they are all very near; but the present low spring tides, and little wind, may keep them off a few days.

DOVER—JULY 25.

This afternoon arrived and sailed for the Downs, the Jamaica fleet consisting of the

Prince George, Bayley,	Volunteer Greigg,
Atlantic, Wilson,	Equestris, Lindsay,
William & Henry, Douall,	Forster Barham, Spencer,
Simon Taylor, Watts,	Tulloch Castle, Wilson,
Elizabeth, Ward,	Jamaica, Marshall,
Claredon, ———	Suffolk, Lacy,

and about forty others.

Also, the Adamant, Renton, from Lisbon.

LLOYD's MARINE LIST—July 26.

THE Alceste, 36 guns and 460 men; Juno, of 44 guns and 560 men; Courageaux, of 44 guns and 500 men; and two corvettes of six guns each, are captured by Lord Keith's squadron in the Mediterranean.

The Margaret, ———, from Greenock to Savannah, has been taken, and retaken by the Revolutionaire frigate.

The Fortuna, Farmar, from the Current Islands to London, is taken and carried into Malaga.

The Camilla, Geahagan, from London to Gibraltar, is captured by the Spanish gun-boats.

The Ann, Chamley, from Trinidada to Liverpool, is taken and carried into Guadaloupe.

The Gustavus Adolphus, ———, from Trieste to Lisbon, is taken and carried into Spain.

The Langley's Increase, Crosby, from Lisbon to Oporto, is taken and burnt.

The Ann, Robinson, from Lisbon to Batavia; and the Commerce, Gardner, from ditto to Bengal, are captured and carried into Cadiz.

The Fancy, Hooper, from Leghorn to London; and the Nelson, ———, from Naples to London, are recaptured and arrived at Leghorn.

The Edwards, Wilson, and Mary, Leigh, from Liverpool to the West Indies, are lost on the Cobler's Rock, near Barbadoes.

WINDS AT DEAL.

July 23. W. S. W.—24. W. S. W.—25. W. N. W.

MAILS.

Arrived—Ireland, 6.—Hamburgh, 0.—Lisbon, 1.
Due—Ireland, 2.—Hamburgh, 1.

—STOCKS—

This day, (July 26.) at twelve o'clock,
3 *per cent. con.* 64¼ ⅛ ¼—*Omnium* 13½
Exchanges on Dublin 11¼

YARMOUTH—July 25.

Yeſterday arrived, to embark on board the packet for Cuxhaven, a gentleman and his ſervant, but were prevented by two gentlemen who came after them in a chaiſe and four. The report is, that he is an Engliſh Nobleman, but to avoid miſtake, he ſhall be nameleſs at preſent. He was taken from the Duke's Head to the Bear Inn, and, with his ſervant, committed to jail. This circumſtance has been the topic of the day here, but no real cauſe is aſſigned. This afternoon the priſoner, with the two gentlemen, ſet off in a chaiſe and four for town; and his ſervant, who is a Swiſs, in a poſt-chaiſe with one of our ſerjeants at mace.

Caledonian Mercury.

EDINBURGH—JULY 29.

MEDITERRANEAN FLEETS.

After the various rumours which were in circulation by the London papers of Thurſday, received here yeſterday, it gives us great ſatisfaction to be able to ſtate a few facts which upon the public may rely, and which may guide their opinion in regard to the real ſtate of our affairs in the Mediterranean.

Captain Burlton, who arrived on Wedneſday evening at the Admiralty, is Commander of the Haarlem. This ſhip was the convoy to a fleet of merchantmen from Minorca, which Captain Burlton ſaw ſafe into Gibraltar. He was diſpatched from thence at three o'clock on the morning of the 8th inſtant; and about half paſt eight, he heard a heavy cannonade to windward, which laſted upwards of 11 hours. His orders being to make the beſt of his way to England, he could not wait to know the reſult.

About noon on the ſame day, part of the combined French and Spaniſh fleets, conſiſting of 27 ſail of the line, hove in ſight to the eaſtward. On the preceding day the enemy's fleets had been reconnoitred, and 57 ſail of ſhips were diſtinctly counted. It is conjectured they had ſeparated during the night, and that it was only a diviſion of theſe ſhips that was engaged with Sir Charles Cotton's ſquadron, conſiſting of 14 ſail of the line, or perhaps with that under Lord Nelſon, conſiſting of 12 ſail of the line, which are known to have been at no great diſtance. It is highly probable indeed that theſe ſquadrons might have joined previous to the action, as it is certain both had received information of the enemy's movements. Lord St Vincent's diſpatches ſtate, that he hoped by the 9th, all our ſhips would be aſſembled at Gibraltar. On the 11th none of the enemy's ſhips had paſſed the Streights; and as the wind blew ſtrong to the weſtward, it would drive them towards ours.

The probability of an engagement having happened is further confirmed by Mr Jackſon, maſter of the Ville de Paris, who, while ſailing along the coaſt of Barbary, heard a cannonade from the ſame quarter as that which is reported by Captain Burlton, but the noiſe laſted ſome hours longer.

A quarter of an hour before Captain Burlton left Gibraltar, a Tartan arrived there, which reported, that there had been a very ſevere action between the two fleets, and that the Engliſh had taken ſeven ſail of the line and one frigate.

The report of an engagement is moreover countenanced by the diſpoſition of the 27 ſail of the enemy's ſhips, ſeen by Captain Burlton ſoon after he ſailed. He was chaced by two men of war and one frigate, which might have come up with him; but, during the chace, they were called off by ſignal, and the whole fleet immediately bore away to the quarter from whence the cannonade proceeded.

It appears that the French actually landed 8000 men at Genoa, but on hearing of Macdonald's defeat, the whole were re-embarked, and are ſuppoſed to be on board their fleet. At the time of their diſembarkation Lord Keith was only eight leagues from Genoa, but unfortunately ignorant of the French fleet being in that quarter.

Our nautical intelligence has become again very intereſting. When the Breſt fleet firſt ſailed, we were bewildered in conjecture as to their deſtination and object. The firſt we have now aſcertained, but the latter remains ſtill to be diſcovered. They have traverſed the Mediterranean, but ſeemingly without having any object in view. The report that they carried troops from Toulon to Genoa and Leghorn, is not true. They certainly were, however, upon that coaſt, and without doing any one thing, they again returned to Toulon, where, according to the diſpatches from Lord St VINCENT, they were blocked up on the 1ſt of June. From thence, however, it appears, they effected their eſcape, and ſailed for Carthagena, where they formed a junction with the Spaniſh fleet on the 22d ultimo, and now we have advice that the combined fleet ſailed from thence the 29th in order to get out of the Mediterranean; but their preciſe place of deſtination is not yet known, though Cadiz and Breſt are both mentioned.

Thus the junction of the two fleets is the only object they have atchieved, but we cannot ſuppoſe that to effect this the French fleet ſhould determine to ſail into the Mediterranean, and after a long voyage ſettle it ſo that Carthagena ſhould be the rendezvous for both fleets. We rather apprehend that it was at firſt intended they ſhould join the Spaniſh fleet at Cadiz, but the preſence of Lord KEITH's ſquadron, and the boiſterous weather which prevailed, prevented this, and forced them through the Gut of Gibraltar, and thence they made their way for Toulon. Arrived there, it is probable orders would be ſent to Cadiz for that fleet to ſail for Carthagena, in order to effect the junction which they had been diſappointed of accompliſhing at Cadiz.

Others, however, are of opinion, that they had ſome object in view on the ſhores of Italy, but the recent diſaſters of their armies rendered their projects nugatory.

As to their preſent object, various reports and conjectures are in circulation. One of theſe reports ſtates, that the ſhips are full of troops deſtined for Ireland.—But this is ſurely a miſtake, as it is not likely they would ſend to the ſouth of Spain or France to bring troops on an expedition ſo remote, when they could with greater facility ſhip them from the northern ports, ſo much nearer the place of deſtination.

Another report which ſeems better founded is, that which ſtates they are deſtined for Breſt, to be in readineſs for oppoſing the armament preſently fitting out in Britain, ſhould an attempt be made to land on the French coaſt.

A few days muſt bring us very intereſting intelligence.

Earl St Vincent's health, we are concerned to hear, is ſo very bad as to occaſion the moſt ſerious uneaſineſs and doubts of his recovery. His Lordſhip is on board the Argo man of war, now on her paſſage home.

The outward bound convoys have received orders not to ſail till further orders; which we ſuppoſe will detain them until the deſtination of the French and Spaniſh fleets is fully aſcertained.

The homeward bound Jamaica and Liſbon fleets are arrived, which relieves us from any anxiety as to them.

Lord DUNCAN has appointed a ſtout armed veſſel to cruize conſtantly on the Aberdeen ſtation for the protection of trade.

JOHN REID, who, after being 14 years in ſlavery at Algiers, has now with ſeveral others obtained his liberty, is a native of the pariſh of Kirkliſton, ſeven miles weſt of this city.—Many endeavours were made to obtain his releaſe, and Mr Secretary DUNDAS alſo intereſted himſelf much to accompliſh it; but the difficulty of intercourſe with that ſtate, and other circumſtances defeated theſe laudable intentions. Some few years ago a new attempt was made, and upwards of 200 guineas were offered as his ranſom; this too, however, proved ineffectual, and, to all appearance, he was doomed with his five companions to carry his ſhackles of ſlavery to the grave. The exertions of Captain BOWEN in behalf of theſe unhappy men, beſpeak the goodneſs of his heart, and fortunately his exertions have been ſucceſsful. They are now all on board his ſhip the Argo, enjoying true liberty in his Majeſty's ſervice.

On Thurſday morning, a boat loaded with herrings, overſet in the Clyde, oppoſite to Gourock, and two men were drowned.

Upon the 8th curt. Mr GEO. LAURIE, jun. late of Glaſgow, was drowned in the Order, while he and ſome friends from Francfort were bathing.

Friday DUGALD GILLESPIE, a butcher, was found dead in the burn, at the back of the waſhing houſe in Glaſgow Green. It is ſuppoſed, that being the worſe of liquor, he had fallen in and was ſuffocated, as the water is only a few inches deep.

On the 23d curt. was pulled in the garden of Milncroft Printfield, a ſtrawberry which meaſured in circumference full five inches and a quarter.

On Monday laſt, MARY NICHOLSON, for poiſoning her miſtreſs at Little Staynton, was executed at Durham. From the time the ſentence was pronounced ſhe behaved with the utmoſt penitence and devotion.—While ſhe was ſuſpended the rope broke and ſhe fell to the ground. As ſoon as ſhe recovered her ſenſes ſhe reſumed her devotion with great earneſtneſs, and continued praying fervently for near three quarters of an hour, till another rope was procured, when ſhe was launched into eternity.

PROSPECT OF HARVEST.

A correſpondent travelling in the ſouthern counties of England, writes thus favourably of the ſtate of the crops:

I have juſt arrived from the Iſle of Wight, after taking a general ſurvey of the principal part of it. I find the corn far better than I ſuppoſed. Wheat, that ſeveral farmers imagined muſt be ploughed in, or not produce more than ſeed, is ſo much altered for the better, that there will be ſeven and eight ſacks to the acre; the barley is very heavy and thick on the ground, there is a good crop in general through the iſland. In the neighbourhood of Wincheſter, Southampton, Romſey, Stockbridge, and all parts of Hants and Wilts that I have travelled, the crops are extremely good, and the produce muſt be great. A farmer in the neighbourhood of Romſey, of the name of Edney, had a piece of wheat which was ſo very bad, that his friends adviſed him to plough it in, inſtead of which it has remained on the ground, and is ſo much improved, that a miller near him has offered to take it at ſix ſacks to the acre. The alteration through the country that I have paſſed is beyond credibility."

THUNDER STORM.

On Tueſday laſt, there was a moſt awful thunder ſtorm at York. Part of the Parſonage Houſe of St Mary Biſhophill, was ſhattered from top to bottom in a moſt extraordinary manner. The lightning, deſcending a chimney, ſpread in various directions, throwing down and burſting every thing in its courſe. The lead and glaſs of a window in an upper room were entirely forced out of the frame and deſtoyed. A large iron bolt was forced from its ſituation in a beam, and part of it has the appearance of having been red hot. Some glaſſes, china, and other articles in a cloſet adjoining the chimney were almoſt reduced to powder, and the cloſet door ſplit, and forced to the oppoſite ſide of the room. Fortunately, no one of the family was injured. Part of a ſtack of chimnies in Mr Wolſtenholme's houſe in Gillygate was thrown down, and a ſtone of 28 lb. weight carried over the houſes on the oppoſite ſide of the ſtreet. A houſe at Acomb was ſtruck by the lightning, ſome chimnies were thrown down, and the roof untiled and damaged. The lightning deſcended a chimney into an apartment where a ſervant was cleaning knives, forced the board from him, and ſhattered a chair in the room. The man, however, in this perilous ſituation, very fortunately eſcaped unhurt.

—MARRIED—

On Saturday the 27th inſtant, at Levenſide Houſe, the ſeat of the Hon. Lord Stonefield, HUMPHRY TRAFFORD CAMPBELL, Eſq. advocate, of Aſhniſh in Argyleſhire, to Miſs WILLIAMS, daughter of the late John Williams, Eſq. of Ruthin, Denbighſhire.

At Orchyard, on Monday the 22d inſt. Mr WM. GILMOUR, merchant in Glaſgow, to Miſs JEANIE MILLER, daughter of John Miller, Eſq. of Orchyard.

—DIED—

At Culgour, in the ſhire of Sutherland, on the 14th of July current, Captain WALTER GRAY, much and juſtly regretted, not only by his diſconſolate family, but alſo by all his neighbours and acquaintances. It is hoped his friends and relations will accept of this as a ſufficient notification of his death.

The following was inſerted in part of Saturday's impreſſion—we repeat it to-day for the information of all our readers:

EMBARGO ON SWEDISH VESSELS IN FRANCE.

Tranſlation of a letter from E. SIGNEUL his Swediſh Majeſty's Counſul General at Paris, to CLAES GRILL, Conſul General in London, dated the 5th July.

"I haſten to adviſe you, that the Directory have decreed an "embargo to be laid on all Swediſh ſhips, who at preſent are or "may hereafter arrive in the ports of France. I hope you will "make ſuch uſe of this advice, as you ſhall think the moſt "proper for the intereſt of our commerce."

A copy of the above was received on Saturday by THOMAS STEWART, Eſq. Vice-Conſul at Leith.

LATE SECOND BATTALION FOURTH FENCIBLE REGIMENT.

The Non-commiſſioned Officers and Privates of this corps, who volunteered to ſerve in Ireland during the late invaſion of that kingdom, will, on application to John Campbell, Eſq. St James's Square, Edinburgh, or to David Dale, Eſq. Glaſgow, receive the ſilver medal promiſed them by their Colonel the Earl of Breadalbane.

TO THE
PRINTER OF THE CALEDONIAN MERCURY.

SIR,

I am again to obtrude myſelf on the public with an additional ſpecimen of the poetry of the humble Bard* of Kenleith, an account of whom you formerly publiſhed.

It muſt have been not a little gratifying to that poor man to have learned, that the verſes which I formerly ſent you, not only met with admiration from many of his countrymen of information and taſte, but likewiſe found their way into ſeveral reſpectable London as well as country newſpapers.—This laſt circumſtance muſt have been more flattering to him, as their merit alone could have induced the Engliſh publiſhers to give them a place, notwithſtanding the diſadvantage under which they would labour with Engliſh readers, from being in the Scottiſh dialect.—I annex another poem of THOMSON's, which I requeſt you will be kind enough to inſert. It was writen ſeveral years ago, and the ſubject of it is the reſtrictions laid upon the killing of game, which at that time were much enforced.—It is in the form of a dialogue between a *Muircock* and a *Crow*, and the topic you will allow was a very natural one for ſuch companions. I am, Sir,

your moſt obedient ſervant,
A FRIEND OF MERIT.

* JAMES THOMSON, a common weaver in Kenleith, near Edinburgh.

As stories gae, I heard them say,
How that a Craw the ither day,
At hame wha was na' very thrang,
Just thought a wee bit aff to gang,
To see the Muircock an' the Plover,
Thae chiel's that win amang the heather.
Wi' sic intention in his breast,
Awa flew the foresighty beast,
An' beat the air wi' steady wing,
Till he came to a pleasant spring;
There he sat down upon the banks,
To rest his pinions and his shanks.
A Muircock was upon the height,
And seeing the croaking stranger light,
He flew awa' to him wi' haste,
And kindly thus the Craw address'd—
"Gude ev'ning to you, Mr Craw,
"My friend—what's brought you here awa?
The Craw then made a kind o' bow,
And said, "I came to spear for you."
Replied the Cock, "As ye're so kind,
"The best o' usage ye shall find,
"Sit down wi' me upon this brae,
"And gi'e me a' the news ye hae."
Then said the Craw, and shook his head,
"The news I hae are bad indeed,
"For there is not an honest man
"That has a ha'ding in the land,
"But wha is summon'd to appear
"Before the court, 'tis what I hear."
"Oh wat a wins," then said the Cock,
"What ails them at the honest folk?
"What is their crime?—what the suspicion?
"Will it be *treason* or *sedition*?
"Or ha'e they us'd their *buttons* wrang,
"Or *private stills* ha'e made to gang.
"What ha'e they done, O do ye ken?"
"They've summon'd a' the honest men,"
Return'd the Craw. "I ken fu' weel,
"'Tis no for crimes like those I 'tweel;
"I'll tell ye a' the hail affair,
"Indeed it's neither less nor mair,
"Than shooting you, an' whyles a hare.
"Trouth, ye're weel aff by me, poor Craw,
"That's sae protecket by the law,
"An' has for friends the great folks a'.
The Cock said, "No, I maun ye tell,
"Ye're better aff than I'm yoursell,
"For since the commons were restricked,
"The bits o' herds are grown sae wicked,
"That eager for our nests they range,
"An' break our eggs out o' revenge.
"Three years an' mair are come about,
"Sin' I brought up a single pout,
"An as for a' your braw law makers,
"Themselves are first the same law breakers.
"In yonder brugh* are lawyer chields,
"That hunt for ever o'er thir fields;
"Kills mae' o' us, believe me, brither,
"Than a' the country folk together.
"O, if our lairds were worth their lugs,
"They wadna' suffer them, nor dogs
"To loup their dykes an' hedg'd inclosures,
"An' mak' their tenants sicken losers;
"For nought these billies will regard,
"They'll gallop through a field o' braird;
"An' if a tenant to them gang,
"Say, Gentlemen, ye're i' the wrang—
"They lo[illegible]t him baith sour an' snell,
"An' may be damn his soul to hell.
"It wad ha'e better for them been,
"Had they o' motes first clear'd their een,
"Syne they might wi' a better grace,
"Ha'e glowr'd the tenants i' the face."
The sun was now far down the wast,
An' gloamin gray was comin' fast.
Up through the air the Craw did speil,
An' said, "good night, an' fare ye weel."
"O, fare ye well," replied the Cock,"
"I hope that you will soon come back,
"An' meet wi' me upon thir braes,
"An' tell me how the process gaes."

* Edinburgh, in the Poet's view.

Iriſh State Lottery.——Halves, Quarters, Eighths, and Sixteenths, *warranted undrawn*, are ſtill ſelling, at the Office of Meſſ. [illegible]MSONS and Co. No. 8, South Bridge Street, Edinburgh, and will continue on ſale, during the Drawing.

FAIRS IN SCOTLAND IN AUGUST.

	Day		Day		Day
Aberdeen	29	Ellon	27	Monimuſk	21
Airdry	27	Falkirk	26	Muſſelburgh	13
Auchinleck	27	Falkland	15	Muthel	5
Auchtermuchty	21	Forfar	6	Newton Douglas	7
Bartle Chapel	30	Fort Auguſtus	8	Nairn	28
Bathgate	21	Granton	16	Ochterarder	13
Beith	30	Hamilton	22	Ochtergaven	14
Berwick	21	Inverneſs	21	Old Deer	15
Blairgonie	14	Inverkeithing	7	Old Rain	13
Brechin	14	Irvine	19	Paiſley	8
Buchlyvie	6	Jedburgh	13	Pathhead	7
Carnwath	21	Kelſo	5	Peebles	20
Caſtle Douglas	13	Kincardine	9	Selkirk	21
Cumbernauld	2	Kinroſſie	9	Stewarton	6
Cupar Fife	6	Kirkwall	13	Stirling	2
Dornoch	7	Lanark	7	Stranraer	30
Dumbarton	15	Laurencemuir	27	Strathaven	8
Dunblane	21	Lauder	23	Strathgarvie	20
Dundee	15	Linlithgow	2	Strichen	20
Dunfermline	6	Lockerby	13	Tain	21
Dunſe	26	Machline	3	Thornhill	13
Dyſart	28	Meikleur	16	Turreff	6
Ecclefechan	26	Melroſe	12	Wigton	6

—ARRIVED AT LEITH.—

July 27. Hawk, Tod, from Anſtruther, goods—Helen, Burton, from Alloa, ſpirits—Catharine and Iſobel, Nairn, from Perth, goods—Betſey and Nell, Shanks, from Dunbar, malt—Leith Packet, Scott, from London, goods—Three ſloops, coals.

—CLEARED OUT.—

—— 27. Perth Packet, Matthew, for Alloa, grain—Experiment, Arbuckle, for Greenock, ditto—Hazard, Smith, for Inverneſs, goods—Fortitude, Turean, for Newcaſtle, ditto—Kelſo Packet, Moor, for London, ditto—Leith Packet, Campbell, for Hull, ditto—Otter, Brown, for London, wheat.

Wind E. S. E. moderate.

—LONDON,—

ENTERED INWARDS.

July 24. Aberdeen, Lady Duff, Anderſon; Farmer, Morriſon; Hawke, Campbell—Berwick and Leith, Eliza, Ord—Leith, Edinburgh and Berwick packet, Cooper—Inverkeithing, Turin Galley, Kincaid.

CLEARED OUTWARDS.

—— 24. Berwick, Berwick Merchant, White—Bo-neſs, Carron, Watt—Berwick and Leith, Coldſtream packet, Watſon.

CUPAR CORN MARKET, July 25.
Wheat, 32s.

BALLS ON THE RACE WEEK.

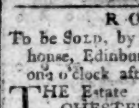
MATTHEW FORTUNE begs leave to inform the Nobility, Ladies, and Gentlemen, that the firſt BALL will be at his Rooms, on WEDNESDAY the 7th of Auguſt; and the ſecond, on FRIDAY the 9th, in George's Street Aſſembly Rooms, with Suppers, Wine, French Ices, &c. both under the patronage and direction of

Her Grace the Ducheſs of BUCCLEUCH,
The Rt. Hon. the Counteſs of DALHOUSIE, and
Lady CHARLOTTE CAMPBELL.

Tickets to be had at the Tontine Tavern, No. 5. Prince's Street.

AT LEITH—FOR LONDON,
The Union Shipping Company's Armed Smack,
LEITH PACKET,
WILLIAM SCOTT Maſter,
Will take in goods till Wedneſday at noon, when ſhe will ſail.

Union Shipping Co's. Office,
Leith, July 27. 1799.



AT LEITH—FOR LONDON,
The Berwick Old Shipping Company's Smack,
CERES PACKET,
THOMAS BRUCE Maſter,
Will take in goods till on o'clock Thurſday afternoon, when ſhe will ſail.

Old Shipping Co's Office, Leith,
July 27. 1799. } WM. GRINLY, Agent.

ROXBURGHSHIRE.

To be SOLD, by public voluntary roup, within Johns Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, on Wedneſday the 4th of September, at one o'clock afternoon,

THE Eſtate of GREENWELLS, including the lands of CHESTERHALL, and HAYFIELD, lying all contiguous within the pariſhes of Melroſe and Boden, and county of Roxburgh.

The eſtate conſiſts of about 900 Engliſh acres, of which upwards of 500 are arable; and there are 130 of excellent ſheep paſture, and near 100 of very thriving plantation.

The whole has been ſeveral years in the hands of the proprietor, who improved it at a great expence: It is moſtly incloſed with thriving hedges; has been limed, marled, and properly drained, and is in every reſpect in very high order.—There is a plantation of above ſeventy acres of Scotch firs, about 25 years old, and very thriving, and a belt of trees of various ſorts is carried round a conſiderable part of the eſtate; beſides which, there is a garden and orchard, and a good deal of ornamented planting in a glen, and round the houſe.

Greenwells is very deſirably ſituated, only two miles from Melroſe, and about ten from Jedburgh and Kelſo, all good market towns, and a turnpike road from Edinburgh to Newcaſtle paſſes cloſe by it.

A Houſe fit for the accommodation of a gentleman's family is juſt built upon this eſtate, and very completely finiſhed in every reſpect. The offices both for the accommodation of the farm and of a family, (including coach houſe and ſtables) are ample and convenient, and all built within theſe few years in a moſt ſubſtantial manner.

Greenwells is a very eligible reſidence for a ſportsman, being in the midſt of a famous fox-hunting country, and which abounds with all kinds of game, and the Tweed, which is within a ſhort walk, affords as fine rod-fiſhing as can be found in the iſland.

Perſons wiſhing to be informed of further particulars, will apply to Robert Trotter, Eſq. W. S. Edinr. and David Murray overſeer at Greenwells will ſhew the grounds and plans of the eſtate.

GOOD NEWS TO THE AFFLICTED.

MR LIGNUM,

SIR, *Retford, Nottinghamſhire, Nov. 15, 1798.*

MY grateful thanks are moſt certainly due to you, and am compelled, by gratitude, as well as by inclination, to pay you that tribute which is due to your great merit.—My wife, who has been long violently afflicted with a painful and diſfiguring Scorbutic Eruption, which covered her face, and other parts of her body, her legs in particular were ſwelled to a truly-alarming degree, attended with violent pain so that we daily expected they would have broke into ulcers.—She has almoſt conſtantly been taking medicines in uſe for ſuch complaints, but without any other effect than to injure here general health, as ſhe daily grew worse, till, providentially, ſhe was recommended to make a trial of your ANTISCORBUTIC DROPS, a 4s. 6d. bottle of which I purchaſed of Mr J. Taylor, bookſeller, Retford, which afforded her great relief, and to her and my great ſatisfaction, and ſurprize of all thoſe who knew her, by taking two more ſmall bottles, ſhe was, thank GOD, completely reſtored to perfect health, as well as from the unſightly appearance, which her complaint ſubjected her to.—It may be ſufficient to ſay, that I will cheerfully anſwer any enquiries, at my own houſe, and give every ſatisfaction in my power.—The particulars of this ſingular caſe may alſo be known by applying to Mr J. Taylor, as above.

I am, Sir, with the greateſt reſpect, yours, &c.

SAMUEL SPRENTALL,
Draper and Grocer, Retford.

Atteſted by JAMES TAYLOR, Bookſeller.

☞ Theſe Drops are ſold in moulded ſquare bottles at 12s. and 4s. 6d.—One 12s. bottle is equal in quantity to three 4s. 6d. ones. They may be had, wholeſale and retail, at Mr LIGNUM's, No. 57, Bridge Street, Mancheſter, and by appointment, by R. SCOTT, APOTHECARY,

No 8. South Bridge, Edinburgh; and by

Mr Keltie, perfumer, No. 15. St. Andrew's Street, N. Town.
Mr Coke, bookſeller, Leith.
Mr Angus Macdonald, jeweller, and Mr Mennons, printer, Glaſgow.
Mr Dick, ſurgeon, Dundee.
Mr Dempſter, ſurgeon, Cupa
Mr Cragie, Montroſe
Meſſ. Johnſton & Biſſet, Perth
Mr Scott, ſurgeon, Kelſo.
Mr Dickſon, druggiſt, Dumfries
Mr Phorſon, Berwick.
Mr Brown, Mr Hodſon, Mr Hall, } Printers, Newcaſtle

VOLUNTARY CONTRIBUTION FOR DEFENCE OF THE COUNTRY.

22d July 1799.

AT a Meeting of the Committee at Edinburgh, for Superintending the Voluntary Contribution for defence of the Country, held this day,

The Right Honourable the LORD ADVOCATE in the Chair,

It was resolved to publish the following Notice:

As the Committee, by their resolution of 5th February 1798, recommended that the Contributions should be all paid on or before the first December last, and as they find that there are Contributions to a large amount still unaccounted for, they are under the necessity of again requesting that the Clergy, Gentry, and Magistrates who have conducted the Contributions in their respective Districts, will exert themselves to wind up the business, where that has not been already done, and transmit information of the result to Mr Francis Napier, W. S. Secretary to the Committee, under cover to William Kerr Esq. Post Office, Edinburgh. And in so far as these Contributions are not paid up, the Committee earnestly recommend that all the persons above mentioned will exert themselves to collect the same, and remit it forthwith, sending notice to Mr Napier, to whom and through what channel it is remitted.

Further, all Individuals and Corporate Bodies, who, b themselves or their agents, have remitted their subscriptions di rectly to the Bank of England, will take the trouble of sending a note thereof to the Secretary as above.

R. DUNDAS, President.
FRAs. NAPIER, Secretary.

Subscriptions in the Parish of Fordoun, in Kincardineshire.

The Lands of Fettercairn.

Helen Crab. Craigmiston - L. 0 10 6
George Valentine, Arncarron - 0 5 0
John Steven, Gateside - 0 3 0
Wm. Mitchel, Alexander Croll, Wm. Moir—1s. each 0 3 0
David Hanton - 0 3 0

Phesdo and Pitnamoon.

Mr Thomas Christie, Phesdo - 1 1 0
Robert Wylie, Bowcarrie, 5s.; John Wylie, ditto, 1s. 6d.; Alexander Findlay, 1s.; James Cobb, Broadland, 1s. - 0 8 6

Fordoun.

The Rev. Alexander and James Leslie - 10 10 0
Robert Garland, Cairntown - 1 1 0
John Pirie, East Cairnbeg; David Milne, West Cairnbeg; Alexander Milne, there—10s. 6d. each - 1 11 6
James Wishart, Cairntown - 0 3 0
Wm. Napier, Waukmill; J. Wilson, East Cairnbeg; James Pirrie, ditto; Alexander Crow, ditto—2s. each 0 8 0
James Smith, ditto - 0 2 6
Alexander M'Laren, Cairntown; David Walker, ditto; Wm. Clark, Uppermains; Alexander Crabb, East Cairnbeg; Robert Thomson, ditto; James Couts, do.; Andrew Barclay, ditto; John Milne, ditto; Alexander Ritchie, in Coulie; James Edward, ditto; David Harries, ditto; James Couts, ditto—1s. each - 0 12 0
James Ross, there - 0 1 6

Monboddo.

Mrs Williamson (Lord Monboddo and Mr Williamson having subscribed 250l. in Edinburgh) - 1 1 0
Anthony Rhind, gardener at Monboddo - 0 10 0
Alexander Taylor, Cosfina - 1 1 0
John Beatties, Drumsleid - 1 1 0
Thomas Milne, Abbeytown - 0 10 6
Miss Ferguson, Monboddo; Robert Ferguson, ditto; John Greig, Denmill—5s. each - 0 15 0
Robert Nicol, Monboddo; Alexander Watt, Drumsleid; Archibald Reith, Kulback; James Haig, Broadshed; David Robertson, ditto—2s. 6d. each - 0 12 6
David Anderson, Kulback - 0 1 6
James Ferguson, Monboddo; John Smith, ditto; Jean Greig, ditto; Jean Dewars, ditto; May Spark, ditto; Mary Mine, ditto; James Begg, ditto; Robert Milne, ditto; Wm. Paterson, ditto; David Dickson, ditto; James Gray, Cosfina; Robert Rue, ditto; James Duncan, ditto; Angus Buchan, ditto; Andrew Gerrard, ditto; James Walker, Mossend; Jo. Smith, Drumsleid; Joseph Clark, ditto; Helen Henderson, ditto; John Gavin, ditto; Isabel Murray, ditto; Elisabeth Orcherton, ditto; Wm. Davidson, ditto; John Orcherton, ditto; Charles Aberdeen, Kulback; Rachel Robert, ditto; James Gavin, ditto; Joseph Begg, do.; David Crow, do.; James Douglas, do; Joseph Robert, ditto; Ja. Watson, ditto; Jean M'Donald, ditto; George Edward, jun. of Kulback; Wm. Taylor, ditto; W. Greig, Margaret Nicol; Jean Graham, Abbaytown—1s. each - 1 18 0
Alexander Watson, Denmill; Alexander Milne, Wardend; James Crabb, ditto; George Greig—2s. each 0 8 0
James and John William, Monboddo - 0 1 0

Whiteriggs.

James Badenoch, Esq. of Whiteriggs - 10 0 0
James Dickie, servant; ditto, 1s. 6d; James Cockie, ditto, 2s. 6d.; Wm. Fleming, ditto, 1s.; Mary Macgrigor, ditto, 1s.; Catharine Robb, ditto, 1s.; John Murray, ditto, 3s. 6d.; James Dunbar, ditto, 2s. 6d. David Lyal, ditto, 1s - 10 14 0

Castletown.

Wm. Mollison, Castletown; James Lyal, Watiestown—10s. 6d. each - 1 1 0
David Wise, Goukmuir - 0 10 0
Robert Annandale, Castletown; Al. Thom. Goukmuir; Alexander Falkoner, ditto; Jeremiah Dunbar ditto; David Shirral, ditto; Alexander Duncan, Watieston—1s. each - 0 6 0

Mondynes.

Alex. Webster, Mains of Mondynes - 1 0 0
Janet Campbell ditto; James Webster, ditto; Wm. White, ditto—5s. each - 0 15 0
Alexander ——, ditto - 0 2 0
Alexander Walker, ditto - 0 1 6
James Walker, ditto; Isobel Milne, ditto; Isobel Ley, ditto; Alexander Greig, ditto; Al. Will. Blairs; Jas. Scott, Auchtocher; John Scott, ditto; Beattie White, Pitskelly; John Lyal in Mains; Alexander Mason, ditto; John Murray, ditto—1s. each - 0 11 0
David Crabb, Blairs; Jn. Cheyne, Pitskelly; George Cooper, Mill of Mondynes; John Beattie, Pitskelly—2s. each - 0 8 0
Wm. Ross, Blairs - 0 0 4
John Duffies, Auchtocher; David Wilson, Westertown; Wm. Murray, Mains; Alexander Law, ditto; David Middleton, ditto—6d. each - 0 3 0
Thomas Brand, Mill of Mondynes - 0 10 6
James Murray, Westertown - 0 10 0

Drumlochtie.

James M'Kenzie, Esq. Woodstork - 10 10 0
Alexander Clark, servant to ditto; James Petrie, ditto; Wm. Chinoch, ditto; Wm. Edward, ditto; Andrew Reith, ditto; Wm. Taylor, ditto; Wm. Kinnear, do.; David Smith, ditto; W. Milne, Burn of Shagg; W. Colvin—3s. each - 1 10 0
Wm. Petrie, ditto - 0 5 0
Nestor M'Kenzie, ditto; John Blacklaws—2s. 6d. each 0 5 0
Andrew Clark, Blackfaulds; John Clark, ditto; John Kennedy, Friarglen—2s. each - 0 6 0
Wm. Bridgeford, in Burn of Shagg; John Blacklaws, West Gallowhine; James Strachan, Mains; John Davidson, ditto; Alexander Bruce, ditto; James Edward, ditto; Alexander Glen, Drumellie; David Thomson, ditto; David Petrie, ditto; A. M'Donald, ditto; George Erskine—1s. each - 0 11 0
Wm. Addison - 0 1 6

Glenfarquhar.

Wm. Murray, sen. Gallowhine - 1 1 0
David Kinnear, Auchinblay - 1 1 0
David Reith, Tippertie - 0 15 0
Wm. Murray, jun. Gallowhine; Geo. Gordon, Auchinblay—10s. 6d. each - 1 1 0
John Crabb, Mireside; Alexander Stephen, Mains; A. Perry, Auchinblay—5s. each - 0 15 0
John Crabb, Arnmillburn; Alexander Milne, Auchinblay; Wm. Lyal, ditto; James Loggie, Lochhill; Robert Taylor, Glensaugh—3s. each - 0 15 0
David Milne, Kinkell - 0 4 0
George Ross, Braddy; Wm. Keith, Tippertie; J. Henry, Corsbitt; Robert Clark, Auchunblay; A. Wylie, do.; James Callum, ditto—2s. 6d. each - 0 15 0
David Stewart, Gallowhine; James Allan, ditto; John Allan, Bankend; David Smith, Auchinblay; Charles Lyal, ditto; Wm. Scott, ditto; J. Gray, ditto; David Nicol, ditto—2s. each - 0 16 0
Wm. Donald, Gallowhine; Wm. Davidson, Newlands; Charles Forbes, ditto; Alexander Crow, Brae of Kinkell; James Eddie, ditto; David Thom, Muir; John Meldrum, Kinkell; Thomas Will, ditto; James Duthie, ditto; Wm. Eddie, Tippertie; Robert Lindsay, ditto; David Will, Corsbitt; Alexander Cant, Brae, Glenfarquhar; James Thomson, ditto; Alexander Milne, Mains; Alexander Hog, Auchinblay; Alexander Ferguson, ditto; John Clark, ditto; Charles Clark, ditto; Charles Morgan, ditto; James Menzies, ditto; Arthur Will, ditto; Alexander Bonner, ditto; George Burness, ditto; James Smith, ditto; James Brand, ditto—1s. each 1 6 0
James Cockie, Corsbitt; Wm. Nielson, Bogburn; Geo. Crockall, ditto; Wm. Stephen, ditto; David Wylie, ditto; Wm. Milne, ditto; Thomas Thomson, ditto—1s. 6d. each - 0 10 6
Wm. Riach, ditto - 0 0 6
L. 64 2 10

Subscriptions in the Parish of Sorbie.

The Reverend Elliott Wm. Davidson, minister of the parish - L. 2 2 0
James Nish, factor to the Earl of Galloway - 10 10 0
Samuel M'Dowal, in Culnoog, farmer - 1 0 0
John M'Lellan, in Stonehouse, farmer - 1 1 0
Alexander Mackie, in Garliston, whitesmith; Hugh Hannay, there, butcher; Alexander Hanney, in Broccea, farmer—5s. each - 0 15 0
Peter Broadfoot, in Whitehills, farmer - 1 0 0
Alexander, Mackie, in Garlieston, shopkeeper - 1 1 0
John Douglas, in ditto, shipmaster - 1 1 0
John Dunsmuir, in ditto, farmer and miller 1 1 0
Robert Wales, in Crosslide, farmer - 0 2 0
Wm. M'Dowal, in Barleydieu, farmer - 0 2 0
L. 19 5 0

Subscriptions in the Parish of Abbotshall.

The Rev. Mr George Shaw - L. 5 5 0
Robert Peatt - 5 5 0
David Pearson - 1 1 0
James Wilson - 1 1 0
John Fergus - 1 1 0
Robert Chisholm - 1 1 0
Andrew Greig - 1 1 0
Ebenezer Birrel - 0 10 6
Wm. Wetherspoon - 0 10 0
Wm. Russel - 0 5 0
John Philp, Robert Wemyss, George Bruss, Peter Curror—2s. 6d. each - 0 10 0
Alexander Birrel, Wm. Coupar, John Hampton, James Fortune, James Willison—2s. each - 0 10 0
George Wylie, James Stedman, David Sime, James Nish, James Miller—1s. 6d. each - 0 7 6
Wm. Wishart, Alexander Blyth, James Wilson, James Wilson, John Dow, George Samson—1s. each 0 6 0
L. 18 0 0

Alexander Cunningham of Pittarthie, in addition to the subscriptions in the parish of Anstruther, already published - 10 10 0

Subscriptions in the Parish of Beath.

Andrew Knox, farmer - L. 2 2 0
Wm. Thomson, of Stevenson's Beath - 2 2 0
Mrs Reid - 1 1 0
Mrs Janet Doth - 1 1 0
David Beath of Faulford - 1 1 0
Isabel Fairfoul, servant; Eliz. Grieve, ditto; Eliz. Gilbert, ditto; Helen Thomson, ditto; John Hog, ditto; Robert Masterton, ditto; Wm. Campbell, ditto; Eliz. Henderson, ditto; Robert Hog, ditto; James Baritner, ditto; Margaret White, ditto; Helen Henderson, ditto; Kath. Kilgour; A. Anderson, collier, Kelty; James Adamson, ditto; R. Beveridge, ditto; Thomas Hunter, ditto; Wm. Fair, miller; James Philp, servant; Adam Couper, ditto; Janet Swan, ditto; Robert Paterson, smith—1s. each - 1 2 0
George Malcom, servant; Betty Reddie, ditto; David Fairfoul, ditto; Isabel Hoggan; James Gow, Kelty coalwork; Charles Stewart, mason, there; Wm. Hodge, collier there; David Beveridge, ditto; John Kinloch, ditto; John Beveridge, ditto—2s. 6d. each 1 5 0
Robert Wilson, farmer; Thomas Beatson, ditto; James Greig, ditto; Charles Dryfdale, ditto—5s. each 1 0 0
John Sampson, servant; Joseph Dick, mason, Keily coalwork; Andrew Small, mason; Alexander Duncan, servant; John Brown; Alexander Hodge, collier, Kelly; Robert White, ditto; Ar. Hodge, ditto; Robert Thullan, ditto; John Stevenson, weaver—2s. each 1 0 0
Lilias Fairfoul, servant; James Thomson, a boy; Janet Kellock, Christian Kellock—6d. each - 0 2 0
Wm. Simpson, servant; John Ford, ditto; Michael Mackie, ditto; Thomas Hoggan, ditto; Andrew Leitch, collier, Kelly; Robert Beveridge, ditto; Wm. Hodge, ditto; Michael Beveridge, ditto; R. Beveridge, ditto; J. Snaddan, ditto; J. Burt, ditto; David Bullock, cooper; Robert Hogg, coal-grieve—1s. 6d. each - 0 19 6
John Hamilton, Kelly coalwork - 0 10 6
David Baird, Shiels - 0 10 0
Nicol Kellock - 0 3 0
L. 13 10 0

Subscriptions in the Parish of Balmerino, besides 200l. subscribed by Alexander Wedderburn, Esq. in Edinburgh.

Wm. Fernie - L. 2 2 0
Andrew Russel, in Grange, - 1 1 0
James Morrison, Esq. - 50 0 0
Alexander Melvill - 3 0 0
Samuel Johnston - 1 0 0
Mr Andrew Thomson - 1 1 0
Mrs Russel - 0 10 0
Samuel Melvil, John Smith, John Taylor, Wm. Graham, Alex. Gillon, Arthur Hutton, Alex. Robertson, Andrew Hutton—2s. 6d. each - 1 0 0
David Kidd, Alexander Walker, Robert Mair, John Kay, Robert Williamson, David Johnston, Isabel Wan, Katherine Lumsden, Katherine Henderson, John Gibson, David Meldrum, Robert Melvil, James Huson, Mary Sime, Janet Huson, Janet Petrie, Thomas Younger, Alexander Huchen, James Bell, David Bell, Margaret Wemyss, Janet Wemyss, James Grieve, Andrew Blyth, Robert Kirkcaldy, Alexander Normand, James Kilgour, Wm. Taylor, Elspeth Patie, John Bell, James Scott, Wm. Sinclair, George Murdoch, Wm. Chalmers, David Kirkcaldy, jun. Peter Honeyman, David Honeyman, Janet Walker, Susan M'Dougal, Margaret Morris, John Sinclair, David Galbraith, John Finlay, Thomas Gardner, David Jack, Alexander Ferras, James Ferras, Thomas Duff, James Martin, Robert Latta, Andrew Paton, David Stewart, Angus M'Kay, John Bailie, James Melvil, John Rumgay, Walter Wilson, David Swan, David Wan, Andrew Keddie, Jess Jamieson, John Duncan, Alexander Duncan, James Keddie, Wm. Henderson, Joseph M'Dougal, Thomas Mitchel, John Millar, D. Duncan, Wm. Duncan, Wm. Henderson, John Foulis, James Foulis, Lauchlan ——, Alexander Fleming, Andrew Paton, David Robertson, James Dewar, Andrew Melvil, Thomas Coupar, Robert Angus, Elisabeth Birrel, Elisabeth Ferras, Wm. Halkerston, Andrew Ramsay, Robert Angus, John Key, Walter Dewar, David Gordon, Alexander Grant, Wm. Nicol, Mrs Shephard, Mrs Johnston, Mrs Henderson, Stewart Henderson, Elspeth Shepherd, Elisabeth Shepherd, Jenny Shepherd, Jenny Wan, Alexander Boiter, Cha. Arnold, Robert Stewart, Alexander Farmer, John Rentoul, Kath. Rentoul, George Mitchin, Wm. Taylor, Wm. Grant, Margaret Mitchel, Robert Scott, James Foulis, Margaret Foulis, George Mitchel, John Barclay, Alexander Barclay, Margaret Shepherd, Betty Boiter, J. Russel, James Nicol, Elspeth Smart, Margaret Jack, Thomas Smith, Thomas Duncan, Henry White, Adam Anderson, James Shepherd, Wm. Bogie, Wm. Blyth, Gourlay Hardy, Betty Halkerston—1s. each - 6 10 0
James Blyth, John Blyth, Alexander Graham, John Duncan, James Taylor, John Darrach, David Kirkcaldy, David Melvil, Wm. Foulis, Old Skipper Boiter—1s. 6d. each - 0 15 0
David Anderson, John Foulis, Wm. Meldrum, P. Elder, Robert Paul, James Taylor, a boy, Robert Graham, Jess Culross, David Johnston, Anne Scott, Nell Jack, And. Baird—6d. each - 0 6 0
George Henderson, Andrew Melvil, David Henderson, John Henderson, David Paton, Wm. Johnston, Henry Smart, Andrew Anderson—3s. each - 1 4 0
David Jack, James Shepherd, Alexander Jack, W. Waugh, James Ramsay—5s. each - 1 5 0
James Taylor, John Smith, James Paterson, John M'Leish, Wm. Duncan, Wm. Colvil, George Smith, John Murdoch, Alexander Henderson, sen. Thomas Boiter, David Dorrach—2s. each - 1 2 0
John Rentoul, Stewart Shepherd, Andrew Morton, Gilbert Gardiner—4s. each - 0 16 0
David Donaldson - 0 4 6
Mr Morrison's servants - 0 7 0
L. 72 4 6

ROUP OF SUGAR HOUSE IN DUNDEE.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Tr[illegible]s Hall of Dundee, upon Wednesday the 31st day of July current, at twelve o'clock noon,

THE DUNDEE SUGAR HOUSE, and Warehouses belonging thereto, lying upon the north side of the Seagate of Dundee, with the whole Pans, Coolers, and other Utensils for carrying on the business, conform to inventories thereof.—Also,

A Parcel of NEW MOULDS, and other articles belonging to the Company, in a separate lot.

The articles of roup, title-deeds, and inventories, are in the hands of Thomas Mawer, writer in Dundee; to whom intending purchasers may apply for further information, betwixt and the day of roup.

LANDS IN PERTHSHIRE.

To be Sold by private bargain,

THE LANDS and ESTATE of KINCARDINE, with the Extensive Woods thereof, and a croft in the burgh of Auchterarder, lying in the parish of Blackford and Auchterarder, and shire of Perth, half-way between Perth and Stirling.

The Lands, which have been lately surveyed, are upwards of 1100 acres in extent, and are capable of very great improvement at a moderate expence. There are excellent situations for a mansion-house, and great scope for laying out pleasure grounds. The Lands afford a Freehold Qualification.

The present rental is upwards of 420l. and

The Leases expire at Whitsunday 1802, except one which expires in the 1809, after which a great rise of rent is expected.

The survey and report, and also the rental and title-deeds, are in the hands of Mr Campbell, St James's Square.

SALE OF LANDS IN BERWICKSHIRE.

To be Sold by public roup,

THE LANDS of BROOMDYKES, presently possessed by Mr Peter Trotter, and lying within the parish of Edrom. These Lands are beautifully situated upon the banks of the Whitadder, and consist of 1016 acres English measure, or thereby, besides the ground which is taken up in plantations and belts, which is considerable.—They hold of the Crown, and lie about five miles from the town of Dunse.

The premisses are all inclosed and subdivided, and are under lease for payment of 560l. Sterling of rent; but, at the end of the lease, a very great rise of rent will certainly take place.

The day of roup, and the lots into which the Lands are proposed to be exposed to sale, will be afterwards advertised, in case a sale by private bargain does not take place.

Andrew Paxton at Allanbank-house will shew the Lands; and for further particulars, apply to Mr Robert Trotter, W. S. George's Square, Edinburgh, with whom a plan of the Lands is lodged.

By adjournment.

SALE OF LANDS IN THE COUNTY OF DUMFRIES.

On the 19th day of September 1799, between the hours of one and three afternoon, there will be exposed to sale, by public roup, within the house of James Richardson, at Lockerbie,

THE LANDS of BROOMILL, lying in the parish of Lochmaben, and near the burgh. They are bounded partly by the Broomill or Halleath's Lake, and partly by the river Annan and water of Kinnel, in which the tenants exercise their right of fishing salmon and trout, without rent. The extent of these lands is about 262 acres, and they are possessed by four tenants, who pay 120l. of rent, under leases which expire at Whitsunday 1814. They are pleasantly situated, and very improveable. They hold of the Crown, and are valued in the cess-books at 171 merks. Along with the lands of Broomill or separately, will be sold, nearly 3 acres of Land, which lie in the Burgh Roods of Lochmaben, and are possessed by Mrs Hoggan and John Millar, and also three Houses and a Yard possessed by Mrs Hoggan, and a House possessed by Robert Jardine, smith.

The lands will be shown by the different tenants; and for further particulars application may be made to William Stewart, at Hillside near Lockerbie, Mr Keith accomptant in Edinburgh, or Mr Craufurd Tait, writer to the signet, Edinburgh. The articles of roup, title-deeds, and plans of the lands will be shown by Mr Tait.

SALE OF LANDS AND SUPERIORITIES

In the County of Dumfries.

There will be exposed to sale by public roup, within the house of Mrs Pickarts, at Annan, on the 20th day of September next, between the hours of 12 and 2 o'clock afternoon,

I. THE Ten Pound Land of STAPLETOUN and Teinds thereof, lying in the Parish of Dornock, about two miles distant from Annan. The extent is about 850 Scots acres: it lies compact and has a fine exposure. A great part of the lands is of excellent quality, and the whole very improveable. The present leases, of which there are nine years to run, were let when the lands were entirely open. March fences have now been made, and good farm houses built.

The present rent is 353l. 15s. but at the end of the leases a great rise may be expected.

The lands of Stapletoun hold of the Crown, and by an old retour they are proved to be a ten pound land of old extent, and consequently afford a freehold qualification. They are valued in the cess-books at 490 merks.

II. The Ten Pound Land of ANNAN, and the Lands of SEAFIELD and WALLS, with the Rights of Fishing in the Solway Frith, belonging to them.

The Lands of Seafield and Fishings, as presently possessed by six tenants, (and the leases of which have expired), will be sold in one lot; and the Lands of Walls and Fishings, the lease of which has likewise expired, will be sold in another lot.

The Ten Pound Land of Annan is at present let for 144l. 17s. in several different lots or divisions, the current leases of which, for the most part have four years yet to run; and they will be exposed to sale in the different lots as they are now separately possessed. They are in general substantially inclosed.

III. The following FEU DUTIES of Lands and Houses in and about the town of Annan, viz.

	Feu Duty.
The Lands of Mouncies Close, -	L. 2 12 9
The Houses possessed by James Elliot -	2 15 0
The Houses possessed by the late George Palmer	5 0 0
Houses possessed by William Stewart's Disponees	5 0 0
Houses possessed by the said William Stewart's Disponees, - - -	1 0 0
Other Houses possessed by the said William Stewart's Disponees, - -	2 0 0
Lands, &c. possessed by John Little -	3 7 4
House and Yard possessed by John Oliver,	1 15 0

IV. Also the SUPERIORITIES of the following Lands and Feu Duties payable for the same, viz.

	Feu Duty.
Robgill, Broadlee, and Blackyet, in the Parish of Dornock. - -	L. 13 13 4
These give a freehold qualification on the old extent.	
Dunninghill, in the Parish of Cummertrees,	0 1 1 4-12
Mossknow and Righeads in the Parish of Kirkpatrick Fleeming, -	1 2 2 8-12
Steelhill, Herdhill, or Headhill, ditto,	0 4 1 8-12
Todhill Muir in the Parish of Lochmaben,	4 14 5 4-12
Northfield, Hardriggs, Gullylands, in the Parish of Annan, - -	0 6 8

The lands will be shewn by the different tenants, and for further particulars application may be made to William Stewart at Hillside near Lockerbie, Mr Keith, accountant in Edinburgh; or Mr Craufurd Tait, writer to the signet, Edinburgh. The articles of roup, title deeds, and plans of the lands will be shewn by Mr Tait.

SALE OF LANDS IN ARGYLLSHIRE.

Upset Price L. 23,500 Sterling.

THE LANDS and ESTATE of KINGERLOCH will be Sold by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, on Wednesday 20th day of November next, at two o'clock afternoon.

This estate, which lies on the sea coast, is of very great extent, and is considered as a good pasture for sheep and black cattle, as any in the Highlands of Scotland. The Harbour of Lochchorry, which affords a safe and commodious anchorage, abounds with fish of different kinds, particularly salmon; and the shores of the estate produce a considerable quantity of kelp annually. There is a good Mansion-house with a large lawn, capable at a very little expence of being made a residence, in point of beauty and convenience, inferior to none in that country. There is a great appearance of lead in several of the adjacent hills.

The present rent of the whole property is L. 904 Sterling, but when the leases, some of which have only two years to run, expire, a very considerable augmentation may be looked for, as from the offers made to the late proprietor, he was led to expect a rent of near L. 1200 Sterling.

The ISLAND of CARNA, situated in Lochsunart, part of the above estate, presently yielding a rent of 63l. being detached, and a very great distance from the other lands, may be sold separately, should an offerer incline. This island is now out of lease, and a considerable rise of rent may be depended on: It is peculiarly adapted for wintering; the shores are very productive in kelp, and the wood if properly preserved, may be very valuable.

The whole Lands hold of the Crown, and afford a freehold qualification in the County.

The progress of writs, articles of roup and leases, may be seen in the hands of Mr Alexander Keay, accountant, Queen Street, or Hector Macdonald Buchannan, writer to the signet, who have powers to treat by private bargain, and to whom intending purchasers may apply for further information.

LANDS AND FREEHOLD QUALIFICATION IN FIFE FOR SALE.

ABOUT 138 Scots Acres of the Lands of CARTMORE, in the parish of Ballingry, with the House, Garden, Pigeon-house, and Offices, are to be Sold by private bargain; to be held either of the Crown, or of a subject superior; and, if agreeable to a purchaser, as much valued rent will be added as make up a Freehold Qualification.

There is a good deal of Planting upon the lands, which lie within two miles of the turnpike road from Queensferry to Perth; and there is plenty of Coal and Lime in the neighbourhood.

For particulars apply to John Syme, W. S.

LANDS AND COAL,

In the immediate Neighbourhood of Edinburgh.

To be Sold (if not previously disposed of privately) by *public roup and sale*, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon *Wednesday the 14th day of August* 1799 years, betwixt the hours of *one and three o'clock of afternoon*,

ALL and Whole the ESTATE and LANDS of DRUM, and others, with the Teinds and Pertinents, all lying in the parish of Libberton, and situated within three miles of Edinburgh, and one of Dalkeith.

The estate comprises about 630 English acres. It lies compactly together, is well inclosed and subdivided, and abounds in game. The present rent of the estate, exclusive of the lawn, deer park, and other inclosures, with the Gardens and Planting around the House, is 1182l. 6s. 7d. Sterling. The yearly value of the Coal has not been accurately ascertained, but is estimated at 1000l. per annum.

From its situation, the estate is capable of great improvement; it lies between the two branches of the great road leading to Dalkeith and Lasswade, from its vicinity to which, and to Edinburgh, it commands an abundant supply of manure, and secures the best markets. Its vicinity to Edinburgh also renders the coal particularly valuable, the mean distance not exceeding four miles. There is a most excellent House upon the estate, recently repaired in a sumptuous manner, a new set of Stables, with stalls for fifteen horses, and Coach-houses for four carriages, and new Entrance Lodges have been built within these three years.— There are about 30 acres of fine old trees around the house, which, exclusive of their ornamental value, are estimated to be worth about five thousand pounds: and, upon the whole, whether for beauty or improvement, this is one of the most desirable estates ever offered to sale.

Tho whole estate, with the coal, will be sold by private agreement in one lot; or the Mansion-house, Offices, Gardens, and Planting, with the Inclosures around the house, comprising about 226 English acres, with the various seams of Coal, lying under them, will be sold by private agreement. And if no private bargain takes place, the lands and estate will be sold by public roup and sale as above mentioned, either in whole, or in the following lots:

Lot I. Comprising the MANSION HOUSE, OFFICES, GARDENS, and PLANTING, with Fourteen Inclosures surrounding the house, containing about 226 English acres.— Under this lot there are numerous Edge Seams of Coal, and among others, there are six particularly valuable, viz. the Great, the Stairhead, Gillespie, Carlton, Corbie-craig, and Blue Coal Seams.——If this Lot shall be sold, then there will be exposed to sale,

Lot II. Comprising TWO INCLOSURES lying immediately to the north of lot 1st, consisting of 24 English acres.— Under this lot there is also a valuable Seam of Coal, called the North Green, and a Lime Quarry let at 86l. per annum, included in the above rental.

If these two lots shall be sold, then there will be exposed to sale, in several lots, as may afterwards be determined upon, the whole of the estate lying to the south of lot 1st, running towards Dalkeith, with the valuable Seams of Coal called the Jewel and Diamond, of which that under 20 acres of this part of the estate is supposed to be yet totally unwrought; and it is calculated that this coal is in such a situation as to yield one clear fourth to the proprietor.

And, in one or more lots, the REMAINDER of the ESTATE, lying to the north of lot 2d, being that part of the estate which is nearest to Edinburgh, called the Fernyside Farm.

For further particulars application can be made to Robert Dundas, writer to the signet, St James's Square, Edinburgh, in whose hands the title deeds and engraved plan of the estate may be seen, and who will communicate the terms and conditions of sale, with the endurance of the leases, &c. to intending purchasers.

There is also an engraved plan of the estate in the hands of Charles Fozard at the Drum, to whom intending purchasers may likewise apply for copies and further particulars relative to the different Lots, and by whom, all letters, post paid, will be punctually answered.

SALE OF LANDS AND PATRONAGES

In the Counties of Nairn and Inverness.

To be Sold by Public Voluntary Roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on the 20th day of November next, between the hours of two and three in the afternoon,

THE LANDS and ESTATE of GEDDES, commonly called *Easter Geddes*, lying within the parish and county of Nairn.

These lands are pleasantly situated on the banks of the river Nairn, and command a delightful prospect of the Moray Frith, and the opposite coast of Ross and Cromarty. They lie within three miles of the Royal Burgh of Nairn, where there is a good weekly market remarkably well supplied with fish and provisions of all kinds, on most reasonable terms.

The lands of Geddes are presently rented at about 220l. Ster. but on the expiry of the present leases they will rise nearly double. One of the principal farms is presently let on a lease of two lives, and as both the tenants are upwards of 70 years of age, access will be had to it in all probability within a few years, and double rent has already been offered for that possession.

The lands are well known to be of a rich fertile quality, and capable of producing every kind of grain. There is a young thriving Plantation on the property, upon which no value is put, and it has a right in common to some extensive muirs, which on a division might be planted or turned into pasture, with much advantage to the proprietor.

The public burdens affecting this property are comparatively small, and as the teinds are valued and the stipend of the parish lately augmented, any future augmentation will affect the proprietor of Geddes in a trifling degree.

The Lands hold of the Crown, and entitle the proprietor to vote for a member of Parliament to the county of Nairn.

The LANDS of BROADLEY, HOWFORD, & TOMINDOUL, with the Miln thereof commonly called Broadley' Miln, with an eighth part of the Grieshop Lands of the burgh of Nairn, together with the Crofts called Smith's Crofts. These Lands also lie on the banks of the river Nairn, in the vicinity of the burgh of Nairn, and parish and county thereof. They are of a fertile kindly quality; and as the rent has not been raised these many years, and as manure of all kinds can be had upon easy terms from Nairn, a considerable rise of rent may be reasonably expected. The present rent is about 80 l. Sterling. The proprietor has right to the teinds, and the same have been valued. The whole of these lands hold feu of the town of Nairn for payment of 3l. 4s. 8d. Sterling of feu duty.

The LANDS of FLEEMINGTOUN, lying within the parish of Petty, and county of Inverness. This property is of a very considerable extent, and of a most improveable quality, having the command of inexhaustible mosses within itself, and there have lately been discovered some beds of marle.

It is situated in the near vicinity of the Garrison of Fort George, which always affords a ready and good market for the produce of the estate. The present rental is upwards of 320l. Sterling; but from the rapid progress of improvements in that part of the country, and the natural advantages which the Lands of Fleemingtoun possess, a very great additional rent may be looked for on the expiry of the present leases, all of which have only a few years to run. These lands hold of the Earl of Moray for payment of a yearly feu duty of 20l. Scots.

The proprietor has right to the teinds, and the same were valued some time ago.

The DONATION, PRESENTATION, and RIGHT PATRONAGE of the parish of Moy, lying within the Presbytery and County of Inverness. And also, an alternate Right of Presentation to the Parish of Croy, lying in the Presbytery and County of Nairn.

All these lands and patronages will be disposed of in one lot, or, if more agreeable to intending purchasers, in two or more as wished for.

The titles to these different properties are clear, and together with plans of the estates may be seen in the hands of Archibald Dunbar, W. S. who will also inform as to other part iculars